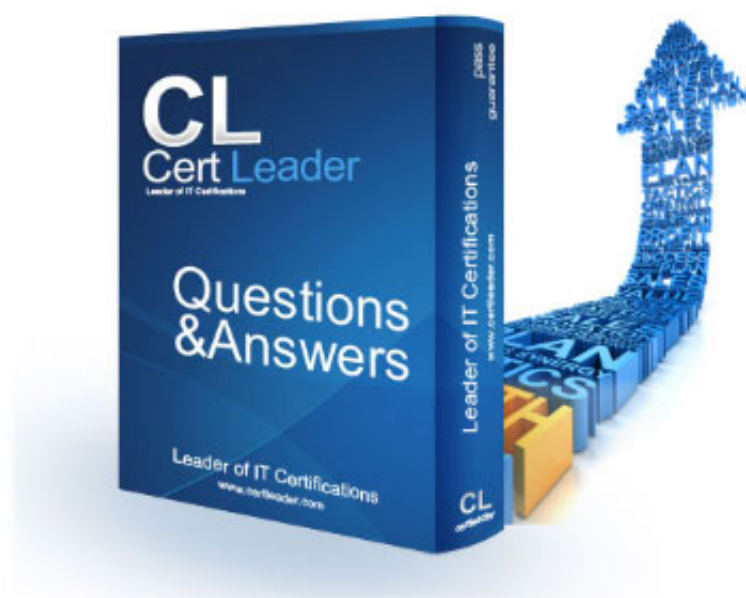


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NEW QUESTION 1

A company is converting a large number of unstructured paper receipts into images. The company wants to create a model based on natural language processing (NLP) to find relevant entities such as date, location, and notes, as well as some custom entities such as receipt numbers.

The company is using optical character recognition (OCR) to extract text for data labeling. However, documents are in different structures and formats, and the company is facing challenges with setting up the manual workflows for each document type. Additionally, the company trained a named entity recognition (NER) model for custom entity detection using a small sample size. This model has a very low confidence score and will require retraining with a large dataset.

Which solution for text extraction and entity detection will require the LEAST amount of effort?

- A. Extract text from receipt images by using Amazon Textract
- B. Use the Amazon SageMaker BlazingText algorithm to train on the text for entities and custom entities.
- C. Extract text from receipt images by using a deep learning OCR model from the AWS Marketplace
- D. Use the NER deep learning model to extract entities.
- E. Extract text from receipt images by using Amazon Textract
- F. Use Amazon Comprehend for entity detection, and use Amazon Comprehend custom entity recognition for custom entity detection.
- G. Extract text from receipt images by using a deep learning OCR model from the AWS Marketplace
- H. Use Amazon Comprehend for entity detection, and use Amazon Comprehend custom entity recognition for custom entity detection.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 2

A Machine Learning Specialist is working with a media company to perform classification on popular articles from the company's website. The company is using random forests to classify how popular an article will be before it is published. A sample of the data being used is below.

Given the dataset, the Specialist wants to convert the Day-Of-Week column to binary values. What technique should be used to convert this column to binary values.

Article_Title	Author	Top_Keywords	Day_Of_Week	URL_of_Article	Page_Views
Building a Big Data Platform	Jane Doe	Big Data, Spark, Hadoop	Tuesday	http://examplecorp.com/data_platform.html	1300456
Getting Started with Deep Learning	John Doe	Deep Learning, Machine Learning, Spark	Tuesday	http://examplecorp.com/started_deep_learning.html	1230661
MXNet ML Guide	Jane Doe	Machine Learning, MXNet, Logistic Regression	Thursday	http://examplecorp.com/mxnet_guide.html	937291
Intro to NoSQL Databases	Mary Major	NoSQL, Operations, Database	Monday	http://examplecorp.com/nosql_intro_guide.html	407812

- A. Binarization
- B. One-hot encoding
- C. Tokenization
- D. Normalization transformation

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 3

A Marketing Manager at a pet insurance company plans to launch a targeted marketing campaign on social media to acquire new customers. Currently, the company has the following data in Amazon Aurora:

- Profiles for all past and existing customers
- Profiles for all past and existing insured pets
- Policy-level information
- Premiums received
- Claims paid

What steps should be taken to implement a machine learning model to identify potential new customers on social media?

- A. Use regression on customer profile data to understand key characteristics of consumer segments. Find similar profiles on social media.
- B. Use clustering on customer profile data to understand key characteristics of consumer segments. Find similar profiles on social media.
- C. Use a recommendation engine on customer profile data to understand key characteristics of consumer segment.
- D. Find similar profiles on social media.
- E. Use a decision tree classifier engine on customer profile data to understand key characteristics of consumer segment.
- F. Find similar profiles on social media.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 4

An office security agency conducted a successful pilot using 100 cameras installed at key locations within the main office. Images from the cameras were uploaded to Amazon S3 and tagged using Amazon Rekognition, and the results were stored in Amazon ES. The agency is now looking to expand the pilot into a full production system using thousands of video cameras in its office locations globally. The goal is to identify activities performed by non-employees in real time. Which solution should the agency consider?

- A. Use a proxy server at each local office and for each camera, and stream the RTSP feed to a unique Amazon Kinesis Video Streams video stream.
- B. On each stream, use Amazon Rekognition Video and create a stream processor to detect faces from a collection of known employees, and alert when non-employees are detected.
- C. Use a proxy server at each local office and for each camera, and stream the RTSP feed to a unique Amazon Kinesis Video Streams video stream.
- D. On each stream, use Amazon Rekognition Image to detect faces from a collection of known employees and alert when non-employees are detected.
- E. Install AWS DeepLens cameras and use the DeepLens_Kinesis_Video module to stream video to Amazon Kinesis Video Streams for each camera.
- F. On each stream, use Amazon Rekognition Video and create a stream processor to detect faces from a collection on each stream, and alert when non-employees are detected.
- G. Install AWS DeepLens cameras and use the DeepLens_Kinesis_Video module to stream video to Amazon Kinesis Video Streams for each camera.
- H. On each stream, run an AWS Lambda function to capture image fragments and then call Amazon Rekognition Image to detect faces from a collection of known employees, and alert when non-employees are detected.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 5

An agency collects census information within a country to determine healthcare and social program needs by province and city. The census form collects responses for approximately 500 questions from each citizen.

Which combination of algorithms would provide the appropriate insights? (Select TWO)

- A. The factorization machines (FM) algorithm
- B. The Latent Dirichlet Allocation (LDA) algorithm
- C. The principal component analysis (PCA) algorithm
- D. The k-means algorithm
- E. The Random Cut Forest (RCF) algorithm

Answer: CD

Explanation:

The PCA and K-means algorithms are useful in collection of data using census form.

NEW QUESTION 6

A Machine Learning Specialist was given a dataset consisting of unlabeled data. The Specialist must create a model that can help the team classify the data into different buckets. What model should be used to complete this work?

- A. K-means clustering
- B. Random Cut Forest (RCF)
- C. XGBoost
- D. BlazingText

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 7

A Machine Learning Specialist is implementing a full Bayesian network on a dataset that describes public transit in New York City. One of the random variables is discrete, and represents the number of minutes New Yorkers wait for a bus given that the buses cycle every 10 minutes, with a mean of 3 minutes.

Which prior probability distribution should the ML Specialist use for this variable?

- A. Poisson distribution
- B. Uniform distribution
- C. Normal distribution
- D. Binomial distribution

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 8

A Machine Learning Specialist is preparing data for training on Amazon SageMaker. The Specialist is transformed into a numpy .array, which appears to be negatively affecting the speed of the training.

What should the Specialist do to optimize the data for training on SageMaker?

- A. Use the SageMaker batch transform feature to transform the training data into a DataFrame.
- B. Use AWS Glue to compress the data into the Apache Parquet format.
- C. Transform the dataset into the RecordIO protobuf format.
- D. Use the SageMaker hyperparameter optimization feature to automatically optimize the data.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 9

An e-commerce company needs a customized training model to classify images of its shirts and pants products. The company needs a proof of concept in 2 to 3 days with good accuracy. Which compute choice should the Machine Learning Specialist select to train and achieve good accuracy on the model quickly?

- A. m5.4xlarge (general purpose)
- B. r5.2xlarge (memory optimized)
- C. p3.2xlarge (GPU accelerated computing)
- D. p3.8xlarge (GPU accelerated computing)

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 10

A Machine Learning Specialist deployed a model that provides product recommendations on a company's website. Initially, the model was performing very well and resulted in customers buying more products on average. However, within the past few months, the Specialist has noticed that the effect of product recommendations has diminished and customers are starting to return to their original habits of spending less. The Specialist is unsure of what happened, as the model has not changed from its initial deployment over a year ago.

Which method should the Specialist try to improve model performance?

- A. The model needs to be completely re-engineered because it is unable to handle product inventory changes.
- B. The model's hyperparameters should be periodically updated to prevent drift.
- C. The model should be periodically retrained from scratch using the original data while adding a regularization term to handle product inventory changes.
- D. The model should be periodically retrained using the original training data plus new data as product inventory changes.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 10

An Machine Learning Specialist discover the following statistics while experimenting on a model.

Experiment 1
Baseline model
Train error = 5%
Test error = 16%

Experiment 2
The Specialist added more layers and neurons to the model and received the following results:
Train error = 5.2%
Test error = 15.7%

Experiment 3
The Specialist reverted back to the original number of neurons from Experiment 1 and implemented regularization in the neural network, which yielded the following results:
Train error = 4.7%
Test error = 9.5%

What can the Specialist learn from the experiments?

- A. The model in Experiment 1 had a high variance error that was reduced in Experiment 3 by regularization. Experiment 2 shows that there is minimal bias error in Experiment 1.
- B. The model in Experiment 1 had a high bias error that was reduced in Experiment 3 by regularization. Experiment 2 shows that there is minimal variance error in Experiment 1.
- C. The model in Experiment 1 had a high bias error and a high variance error that were reduced in Experiment 3 by regularization. Experiment 2 shows that high bias cannot be reduced by increasing layers and neurons in the model.
- D. The model in Experiment 1 had a high random noise error that was reduced in Experiment 3 by regularization. Experiment 2 shows that random noise cannot be reduced by increasing layers and neurons in the model.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 12

A Machine Learning team runs its own training algorithm on Amazon SageMaker. The training algorithm requires external assets. The team needs to submit both its own algorithm code and algorithm-specific parameters to Amazon SageMaker.

What combination of services should the team use to build a custom algorithm in Amazon SageMaker? (Choose two.)

- A. AWS Secrets Manager
- B. AWS CodeStar
- C. Amazon ECR
- D. Amazon ECS
- E. Amazon S3

Answer: CE

NEW QUESTION 14

A Machine Learning Specialist is configuring automatic model tuning in Amazon SageMaker.

When using the hyperparameter optimization feature, which of the following guidelines should be followed to improve optimization?

Choose the maximum number of hyperparameters supported by

- A. Amazon SageMaker to search the largest number of combinations possible.
- B. Specify a very large hyperparameter range to allow Amazon SageMaker to cover every possible value.
- C. Use log-scaled hyperparameters to allow the hyperparameter space to be searched as quickly as possible.
- D. Execute only one hyperparameter tuning job at a time and improve tuning through successive rounds of experiments.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 18

A Machine Learning Specialist is packaging a custom ResNet model into a Docker container so the company can leverage Amazon SageMaker for training. The Specialist is using Amazon EC2 P3 instances to train the model and needs to properly configure the Docker container to leverage the NVIDIA GPUs.

What does the Specialist need to do?

- A. Bundle the NVIDIA drivers with the Docker image.
- B. Build the Docker container to be NVIDIA-Docker compatible.
- C. Organize the Docker container's file structure to execute on GPU instances.
- D. Set the GPU flag in the Amazon SageMaker Create TrainingJob request body.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 23

A Data Scientist received a set of insurance records, each consisting of a record ID, the final outcome among 200 categories, and the date of the final outcome. Some partial information on claim contents is also provided, but only for a few of the 200 categories. For each outcome category, there are hundreds of records distributed over the past 3 years. The Data Scientist wants to predict how many claims to expect in each category from month to month, a few months in advance. What type of machine learning model should be used?

- A. Classification month-to-month using supervised learning of the 200 categories based on claim contents.
- B. Reinforcement learning using claim IDs and timestamps where the agent will identify how many claims in each category to expect from month to month.
- C. Forecasting using claim IDs and timestamps to identify how many claims in each category to expect from month to month.
- D. Classification with supervised learning of the categories for which partial information on claim contents is provided, and forecasting using claim IDs and timestamps for all other categories.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 27

A Machine Learning Specialist wants to bring a custom algorithm to Amazon SageMaker. The Specialist implements the algorithm in a Docker container supported by Amazon SageMaker.

How should the Specialist package the Docker container so that Amazon SageMaker can launch the training correctly?

- A. Modify the `bash_profile` file in the container and add a bash command to start the training program
- B. Use `CMD` config in the Dockerfile to add the training program as a CMD of the image
- C. Configure the training program as an ENTRYPOINT named train
- D. Copy the training program to directory `/opt/ml/train`

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 30

A company is using Amazon Polly to translate plaintext documents to speech for automated company announcements. However, company acronyms are being mispronounced in the current documents. How should a Machine Learning Specialist address this issue for future documents?

- A. Convert current documents to SSML with pronunciation tags
- B. Create an appropriate pronunciation lexicon.
- C. Output speech marks to guide in pronunciation
- D. Use Amazon Lex to preprocess the text files for pronunciation

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 33

A Data Scientist is working on an application that performs sentiment analysis. The validation accuracy is poor and the Data Scientist thinks that the cause may be a rich vocabulary and a low average frequency of words in the dataset.

Which tool should be used to improve the validation accuracy?

- A. Amazon Comprehend syntax analysts and entity detection
- B. Amazon SageMaker BlazingText allow mode
- C. Natural Language Toolkit (NLTK) stemming and stop word removal
- D. Scikit-learn term frequency-inverse document frequency (TF-IDF) vectorizers

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 37

A trucking company is collecting live image data from its fleet of trucks across the globe. The data is growing rapidly and approximately 100 GB of new data is generated every day. The company wants to explore machine learning use cases while ensuring the data is only accessible to specific IAM users.

Which storage option provides the most processing flexibility and will allow access control with IAM?

- A. Use a database, such as Amazon DynamoDB, to store the images, and set the IAM policies to restrict access to only the desired IAM users.
- B. Use an Amazon S3-backed data lake to store the raw images, and set up the permissions using bucket policies.
- C. Setup up Amazon EMR with Hadoop Distributed File System (HDFS) to store the files, and restrict access to the EMR instances using IAM policies.
- D. Configure Amazon EFS with IAM policies to make the data available to Amazon EC2 instances owned by the IAM users.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 39

A Machine Learning Specialist is building a convolutional neural network (CNN) that will classify 10 types of animals. The Specialist has built a series of layers in a neural network that will take an input image of an animal, pass it through a series of convolutional and pooling layers, and then finally pass it through a dense and fully connected layer with 10 nodes. The Specialist would like to get an output from the neural network that is a probability distribution of how likely it is that the input image belongs to each of the 10 classes.

Which function will produce the desired output?

- A. Dropout
- B. Smooth L1 loss
- C. Softmax
- D. Rectified linear units (ReLU)

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 42

A machine learning (ML) specialist must develop a classification model for a financial services company. A domain expert provides the dataset, which is tabular with 10,000 rows and 1,020 features. During exploratory data analysis, the specialist finds no missing values and a small percentage of duplicate rows. There are correlation scores of > 0.9 for 200 feature pairs. The mean value of each feature is similar to its 50th percentile. Which feature engineering strategy should the ML specialist use with Amazon SageMaker?

- A. Apply dimensionality reduction by using the principal component analysis (PCA) algorithm.
- B. Drop the features with low correlation scores by using a Jupyter notebook.
- C. Apply anomaly detection by using the Random Cut Forest (RCF) algorithm.
- D. Concatenate the features with high correlation scores by using a Jupyter notebook.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 43

A large JSON dataset for a project has been uploaded to a private Amazon S3 bucket. The Machine Learning Specialist wants to securely access and explore the data from an Amazon SageMaker notebook instance. A new VPC was created and assigned to the Specialist. How can the privacy and integrity of the data stored in Amazon S3 be maintained while granting access to the Specialist for analysis?

- A. Launch the SageMaker notebook instance within the VPC with SageMaker-provided internet access enabled. Use an S3 ACL to open read privileges to the everyone group.
- B. Launch the SageMaker notebook instance within the VPC and create an S3 VPC endpoint for the notebook to access the data. Copy the JSON dataset from Amazon S3 into the ML storage volume on the SageMaker notebook instance and work against the local dataset.
- C. Launch the SageMaker notebook instance within the VPC and create an S3 VPC endpoint for the notebook to access the data. Define a custom S3 bucket policy to only allow requests from your VPC to access the S3 bucket.
- D. Launch the SageMaker notebook instance within the VPC with SageMaker-provided internet access enabled.
- E. Generate an S3 pre-signed URL for access to data in the bucket.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 44

A Machine Learning Specialist is deciding between building a naive Bayesian model or a full Bayesian network for a classification problem. The Specialist computes the Pearson correlation coefficients between each feature and finds that their absolute values range between 0.1 to 0.95. Which model describes the underlying data in this situation?

- A. A naive Bayesian model, since the features are all conditionally independent.
- B. A full Bayesian network, since the features are all conditionally independent.
- C. A naive Bayesian model, since some of the features are statistically dependent.
- D. A full Bayesian network, since some of the features are statistically dependent.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 45

A company is running a machine learning prediction service that generates 100 TB of predictions every day. A Machine Learning Specialist must generate a visualization of the daily precision-recall curve from the predictions, and forward a read-only version to the Business team. Which solution requires the LEAST coding effort?

- A. Run a daily Amazon EMR workflow to generate precision-recall data, and save the results in Amazon S3. Give the Business team read-only access to S3.
- B. Generate daily precision-recall data in Amazon QuickSight, and publish the results in a dashboard shared with the Business team.
- C. Run a daily Amazon EMR workflow to generate precision-recall data, and save the results in Amazon S3. Visualize the arrays in Amazon QuickSight, and publish them in a dashboard shared with the Business team.
- D. Generate daily precision-recall data in Amazon ES, and publish the results in a dashboard shared with the Business team.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 48

A manufacturing company has structured and unstructured data stored in an Amazon S3 bucket. A Machine Learning Specialist wants to use SQL to run queries on this data. Which solution requires the LEAST effort to be able to query this data?

- A. Use AWS Data Pipeline to transform the data and Amazon RDS to run queries.
- B. Use AWS Glue to catalogue the data and Amazon Athena to run queries.
- C. Use AWS Batch to run ETL on the data and Amazon Aurora to run the queries.
- D. Use AWS Lambda to transform the data and Amazon Kinesis Data Analytics to run queries.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 52

A Data Scientist is developing a binary classifier to predict whether a patient has a particular disease on a series of test results. The Data Scientist has data on 400 patients randomly selected from the population. The disease is seen in 3% of the population. Which cross-validation strategy should the Data Scientist adopt?

- A. A k-fold cross-validation strategy with k=5.
- B. A stratified k-fold cross-validation strategy with k=5.
- C. A k-fold cross-validation strategy with k=5 and 3 repeats.
- D. An 80/20 stratified split between training and validation.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 55

A data scientist has been running an Amazon SageMaker notebook instance for a few weeks. During this time, a new version of Jupyter Notebook was released along with additional software updates. The security team mandates that all running SageMaker notebook instances use the latest security and software updates provided by SageMaker.

How can the data scientist meet this requirements?

- A. Call the CreateNotebookInstanceLifecycleConfig API operation
- B. Create a new SageMaker notebook instance and mount the Amazon Elastic Block Store (Amazon EBS) volume from the original instance
- C. Stop and then restart the SageMaker notebook instance
- D. Call the UpdateNotebookInstanceLifecycleConfig API operation

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 60

A Data Science team within a large company uses Amazon SageMaker notebooks to access data stored in Amazon S3 buckets. The IT Security team is concerned that internet-enabled notebook instances create a security vulnerability where malicious code running on the instances could compromise data privacy. The company mandates that all instances stay within a secured VPC with no internet access, and data communication traffic must stay within the AWS network. How should the Data Science team configure the notebook instance placement to meet these requirements?

- A. Associate the Amazon SageMaker notebook with a private subnet in a VP
- B. Place the Amazon SageMaker endpoint and S3 buckets within the same VPC.
- C. Associate the Amazon SageMaker notebook with a private subnet in a VP
- D. Use IAM policies to grant access to Amazon S3 and Amazon SageMaker.
- E. Associate the Amazon SageMaker notebook with a private subnet in a VP
- F. Ensure the VPC has S3 VPC endpoints and Amazon SageMaker VPC endpoints attached to it.
- G. Associate the Amazon SageMaker notebook with a private subnet in a VP
- H. Ensure the VPC has a NAT gateway and an associated security group allowing only outbound connections to Amazon S3 and Amazon SageMaker

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 65

A company is building a line-counting application for use in a quick-service restaurant. The company wants to use video cameras pointed at the line of customers at a given register to measure how many people are in line and deliver notifications to managers if the line grows too long. The restaurant locations have limited bandwidth for connections to external services and cannot accommodate multiple video streams without impacting other operations.

Which solution should a machine learning specialist implement to meet these requirements?

- A. Install cameras compatible with Amazon Kinesis Video Streams to stream the data to AWS over the restaurant's existing internet connectio
- B. Write an AWS Lambda function to take an image and send it to Amazon Rekognition to count the number of faces in the imag
- C. Send an Amazon Simple Notification Service (Amazon SNS) notification if the line is too long.
- D. Deploy AWS DeepLens cameras in the restaurant to capture vide
- E. Enable Amazon Rekognition on the AWS DeepLens device, and use it to trigger a local AWS Lambda function when a person is recognize
- F. Use the Lambda function to send an Amazon Simple Notification Service (Amazon SNS) notification if the line is too long.
- G. Build a custom model in Amazon SageMaker to recognize the number of people in an imag
- H. Install cameras compatible with Amazon Kinesis Video Streams in the restauran
- I. Write an AWS Lambda function to take an imag
- J. Use the SageMaker endpoint to call the model to count peopl
- K. Send an Amazon Simple Notification Service (Amazon SNS) notification if the line is too long.
- L. Build a custom model in Amazon SageMaker to recognize the number of people in an imag
- M. Deploy AWS DeepLens cameras in the restauran
- N. Deploy the model to the camera
- O. Deploy an AWS Lambda function to the cameras to use the model to count people and send an Amazon Simple Notification Service (Amazon SNS) notification if the line is too long.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 66

A company wants to create a data repository in the AWS Cloud for machine learning (ML) projects. The company wants to use AWS to perform complete ML lifecycles and wants to use Amazon S3 for the data storage. All of the company's data currently resides on premises and is 40 in size.

The company wants a solution that can transfer and automatically update data between the on-premises object storage and Amazon S3. The solution must support encryption, scheduling, monitoring, and data integrity validation.

Which solution meets these requirements?

- A. Use the S3 sync command to compare the source S3 bucket and the destination S3 bucke
- B. Determine which source files do not exist in the destination S3 bucket and which source files were modified.
- C. Use AWS Transfer for FTPS to transfer the files from the on-premises storage to Amazon S3.
- D. Use AWS DataSync to make an initial copy of the entire datase
- E. Schedule subsequent incremental transfers of changing data until the final cutover from on premises to AWS.
- F. Use S3 Batch Operations to pull data periodically from the on-premises storag
- G. Enable S3 Versioning on the S3 bucket to protect against accidental overwrites.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Configure DataSync to make an initial copy of your entire dataset, and schedule subsequent incremental transfers of changing data until the final cut-over from on-premises to AWS.

NEW QUESTION 69

An aircraft engine manufacturing company is measuring 200 performance metrics in a time-series. Engineers want to detect critical manufacturing defects in near-real time during testing. All of the data needs to be stored for offline analysis.

What approach would be the MOST effective to perform near-real time defect detection?

- A. Use AWS IoT Analytics for ingestion, storage, and further analysis
- B. Use Jupyter notebooks from within AWS IoT Analytics to carry out analysis for anomalies.
- C. Use Amazon S3 for ingestion, storage, and further analysis
- D. Use an Amazon EMR cluster to carry out Apache Spark ML k-means clustering to determine anomalies.
- E. Use Amazon S3 for ingestion, storage, and further analysis
- F. Use the Amazon SageMaker Random Cut Forest (RCF) algorithm to determine anomalies.
- G. Use Amazon Kinesis Data Firehose for ingestion and Amazon Kinesis Data Analytics Random Cut Forest (RCF) to perform anomaly detection
- H. Use Kinesis Data Firehose to store data in Amazon S3 for further analysis.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 70

A Data Scientist needs to analyze employment data. The dataset contains approximately 10 million observations on people across 10 different features. During the preliminary analysis, the Data Scientist notices that income and age distributions are not normal. While income levels shows a right skew as expected, with fewer individuals having a higher income, the age distribution also show a right skew, with fewer older individuals participating in the workforce.

Which feature transformations can the Data Scientist apply to fix the incorrectly skewed data? (Choose two.)

- A. Cross-validation
- B. Numerical value binning
- C. High-degree polynomial transformation
- D. Logarithmic transformation
- E. One hot encoding

Answer: AB

NEW QUESTION 73

A manufacturing company asks its Machine Learning Specialist to develop a model that classifies defective parts into one of eight defect types. The company has provided roughly 100000 images per defect type for training. During the initial training of the image classification model the Specialist notices that the validation accuracy is 80%, while the training accuracy is 90%. It is known that human-level performance for this type of image classification is around 90%.

What should the Specialist consider to fix this issue?

- A. A longer training time
- B. Making the network larger
- C. Using a different optimizer
- D. Using some form of regularization

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 78

A company sells thousands of products on a public website and wants to automatically identify products with potential durability problems. The company has 1,000 reviews with date, star rating, review text, review summary, and customer email fields, but many reviews are incomplete and have empty fields. Each review has already been labeled with the correct durability result.

A machine learning specialist must train a model to identify reviews expressing concerns over product durability. The first model needs to be trained and ready to review in 2 days.

What is the MOST direct approach to solve this problem within 2 days?

- A. Train a custom classifier by using Amazon Comprehend.
- B. Build a recurrent neural network (RNN) in Amazon SageMaker by using Gluon and Apache MXNet.
- C. Train a built-in BlazingText model using Word2Vec mode in Amazon SageMaker.
- D. Use a built-in seq2seq model in Amazon SageMaker.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 80

A machine learning specialist is running an Amazon SageMaker endpoint using the built-in object detection algorithm on a P3 instance for real-time predictions in a company's production application. When evaluating the model's resource utilization, the specialist notices that the model is using only a fraction of the GPU.

Which architecture changes would ensure that provisioned resources are being utilized effectively?

- A. Redeploy the model as a batch transform job on an M5 instance.
- B. Redeploy the model on an M5 instance.
- C. Attach Amazon Elastic Inference to the instance.
- D. Redeploy the model on a P3dn instance.
- E. Deploy the model onto an Amazon Elastic Container Service (Amazon ECS) cluster using a P3 instance.

Answer: B

Explanation:

<https://aws.amazon.com/machine-learning/elastic-inference/>

NEW QUESTION 81

A company that runs an online library is implementing a chatbot using Amazon Lex to provide book recommendations based on category. This intent is fulfilled by an AWS Lambda function that queries an Amazon DynamoDB table for a list of book titles, given a particular category. For testing, there are only three categories implemented as the custom slot types: "comedy," "adventure," and "documentary."

A machine learning (ML) specialist notices that sometimes the request cannot be fulfilled because Amazon Lex cannot understand the category spoken by users with utterances such as "funny," "fun," and "humor." The ML specialist needs to fix the problem without changing the Lambda code or data in DynamoDB.

How should the ML specialist fix the problem?

- A. Add the unrecognized words in the enumeration values list as new values in the slot type.
- B. Create a new custom slot type, add the unrecognized words to this slot type as enumeration values, and use this slot type for the slot.
- C. Use the AMAZON.SearchQuery built-in slot types for custom searches in the database.
- D. Add the unrecognized words as synonyms in the custom slot type.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 83

A credit card company wants to build a credit scoring model to help predict whether a new credit card applicant will default on a credit card payment. The company has collected data from a large number of sources with thousands of raw attributes. Early experiments to train a classification model revealed that many attributes are highly correlated, the large number of features slows down the training speed significantly, and that there are some overfitting issues. The Data Scientist on this project would like to speed up the model training time without losing a lot of information from the original dataset. Which feature engineering technique should the Data Scientist use to meet the objectives?

- A. Run self-correlation on all features and remove highly correlated features
- B. Normalize all numerical values to be between 0 and 1
- C. Use an autoencoder or principal component analysis (PCA) to replace original features with new features
- D. Cluster raw data using k-means and use sample data from each cluster to build a new dataset

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 84

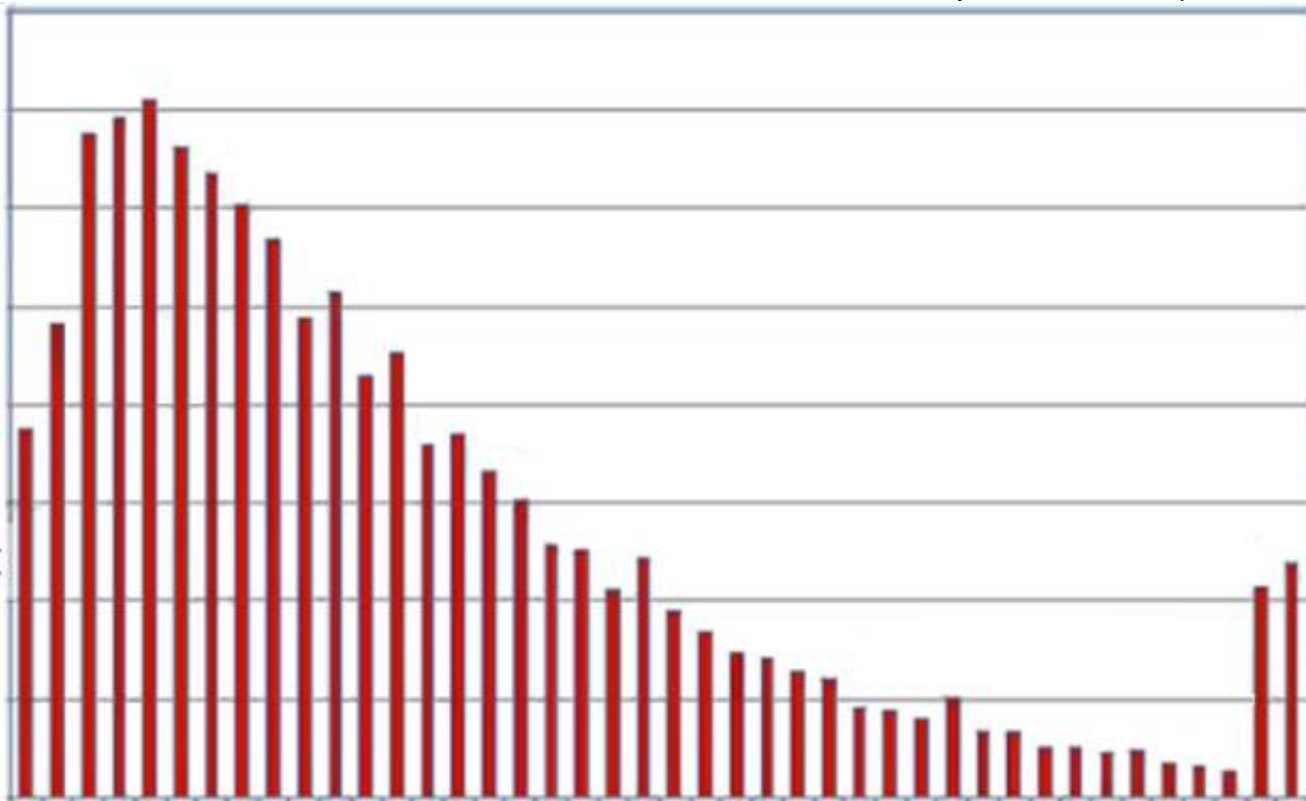
A company provisions Amazon SageMaker notebook instances for its data science team and creates Amazon VPC interface endpoints to ensure communication between the VPC and the notebook instances. All connections to the Amazon SageMaker API are contained entirely and securely using the AWS network. However, the data science team realizes that individuals outside the VPC can still connect to the notebook instances across the internet. Which set of actions should the data science team take to fix the issue?

- A. Modify the notebook instances' security group to allow traffic only from the CIDR ranges of the VP
- B. Apply this security group to all of the notebook instances' VPC interfaces.
- C. Create an IAM policy that allows the sagemaker:CreatePresignedNotebookInstanceUrl and sagemaker:DescribeNotebookInstance actions from only the VPC endpoint
- D. Apply this policy to all IAM users, groups, and roles used to access the notebook instances.
- E. Add a NAT gateway to the VP
- F. Convert all of the subnets where the Amazon SageMaker notebook instances are hosted to private subnet
- G. Stop and start all of the notebook instances to reassign only private IP addresses.
- H. Change the network ACL of the subnet the notebook is hosted in to restrict access to anyone outside the VPC.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 89

A Data Scientist is building a linear regression model and will use resulting p-values to evaluate the statistical significance of each coefficient. Upon inspection of the dataset, the Data Scientist discovers that most of the features are normally distributed. The plot of one feature in the dataset is shown in the graphic.



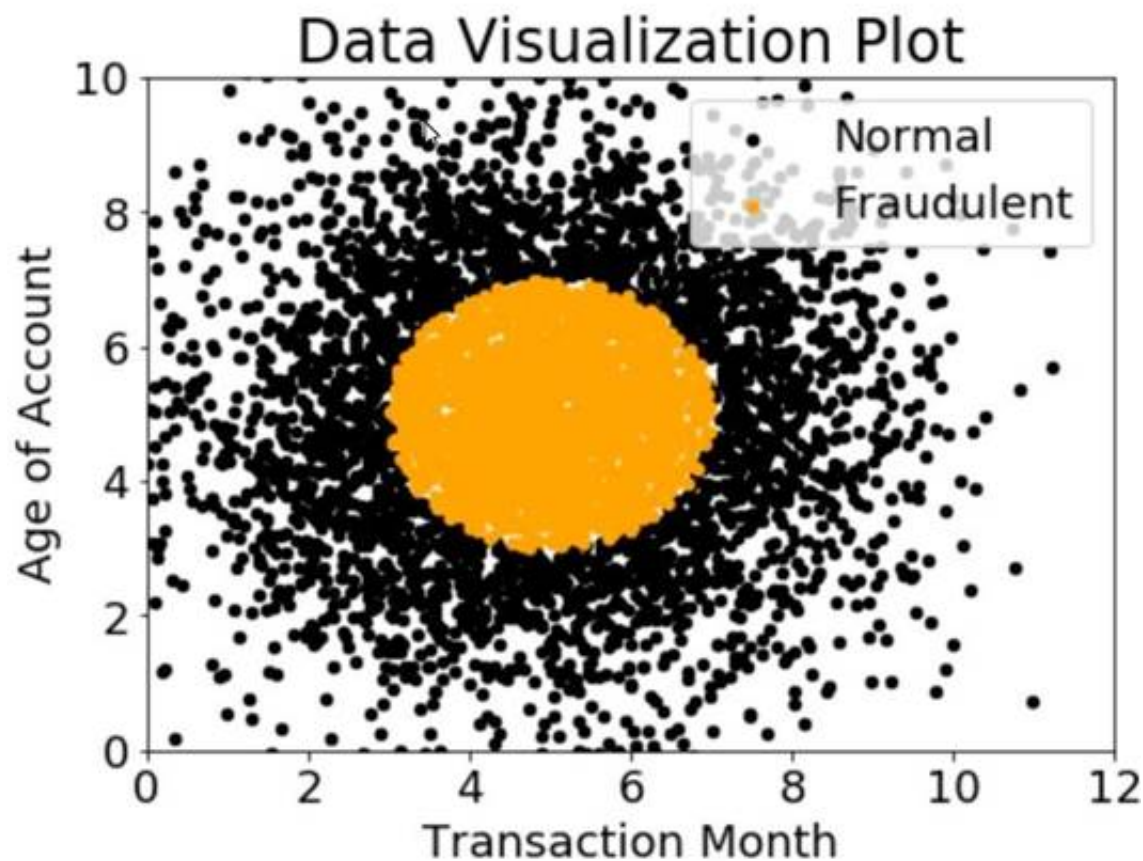
What transformation should the Data Scientist apply to satisfy the statistical assumptions of the linear regression model?

- A. Exponential transformation
- B. Logarithmic transformation
- C. Polynomial transformation
- D. Sinusoidal transformation

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 93

A company wants to classify user behavior as either fraudulent or normal. Based on internal research, a Machine Learning Specialist would like to build a binary classifier based on two features: age of account and transaction month. The class distribution for these features is illustrated in the figure provided.



Based on this information, which model would have the HIGHEST recall with respect to the fraudulent class?

- A. Decision tree
- B. Linear support vector machine (SVM)
- C. Naive Bayesian classifier
- D. Single Perceptron with sigmoidal activation function

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 95

A data scientist must build a custom recommendation model in Amazon SageMaker for an online retail company. Due to the nature of the company's products, customers buy only 4-5 products every 5-10 years. So, the company relies on a steady stream of new customers. When a new customer signs up, the company collects data on the customer's preferences. Below is a sample of the data available to the data scientist.

timestamp	user_id	product_id	preference_1	...	preference_10
2020-03-04	90	25	0	...	0.374
2020-03-04	90	61	0	...	0.374
2020-02-21	203	56	1	...	0.098

How should the data scientist split the dataset into a training and test set for this use case?

- A. Shuffle all interaction dat
- B. Split off the last 10% of the interaction data for the test set.
- C. Identify the most recent 10% of interactions for each use
- D. Split off these interactions for the test set.
- E. Identify the 10% of users with the least interaction dat
- F. Split off all interaction data from these users for the test set.
- G. Randomly select 10% of the user
- H. Split off all interaction data from these users for the test set.

Answer: B

Explanation:

<https://aws.amazon.com/blogs/machine-learning/building-a-customized-recommender-system-in-amazon-sagem>

NEW QUESTION 98

A Mobile Network Operator is building an analytics platform to analyze and optimize a company's operations using Amazon Athena and Amazon S3. The source systems send data in CSV format in real time. The Data Engineering team wants to transform the data to the Apache Parquet format before storing it on Amazon S3.

Which solution takes the LEAST effort to implement?

- A. Ingest .CSV data using Apache Kafka Streams on Amazon EC2 instances and use Kafka Connect S3 to serialize data as Parquet.
- B. Ingest .CSV data from Amazon Kinesis Data Streams and use Amazon Glue to convert data into Parquet.
- C. Ingest .CSV data using Apache Spark Structured Streaming in an Amazon EMR cluster and use Apache Spark to convert data into Parquet.
- D. Ingest .CSV data from Amazon Kinesis Data Streams and use Amazon Kinesis Data Firehose to convert data into Parquet.

Answer: B

Explanation:

<https://medium.com/search/convert-csv-json-files-to-apache-parquet-using-aws-glue-a760d177b45f> <https://github.com/ecloudvalley/Building-a-Data-Lake-with-AWS-Glue-and-Amazon-S3>

NEW QUESTION 103

A manufacturing company has a large set of labeled historical sales data. The manufacturer would like to predict how many units of a particular part should be produced each quarter. Which machine learning approach should be used to solve this problem?

- A. Logistic regression
- B. Random Cut Forest (RCF)
- C. Principal component analysis (PCA)
- D. Linear regression

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 106

A financial services company is building a robust serverless data lake on Amazon S3. The data lake should be flexible and meet the following requirements:

- * Support querying old and new data on Amazon S3 through Amazon Athena and Amazon Redshift Spectrum.
- * Support event-driven ETL pipelines.
- * Provide a quick and easy way to understand metadata. Which approach meets these requirements?

- A. Use an AWS Glue crawler to crawl S3 data, an AWS Lambda function to trigger an AWS Glue ETL job, and an AWS Glue Data catalog to search and discover metadata.
- B. Use an AWS Glue crawler to crawl S3 data, an AWS Lambda function to trigger an AWS Batch job, and an external Apache Hive metastore to search and discover metadata.
- C. Use an AWS Glue crawler to crawl S3 data, an Amazon CloudWatch alarm to trigger an AWS Batch job, and an AWS Glue Data Catalog to search and discover metadata.
- D. Use an AWS Glue crawler to crawl S3 data, an Amazon CloudWatch alarm to trigger an AWS Glue ETL job, and an external Apache Hive metastore to search and discover metadata.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 111

A Machine Learning Specialist is developing a custom video recommendation model for an application. The dataset used to train this model is very large with millions of data points and is hosted in an Amazon S3 bucket. The Specialist wants to avoid loading all of this data onto an Amazon SageMaker notebook instance because it would take hours to move and will exceed the attached 5 GB Amazon EBS volume on the notebook instance. Which approach allows the Specialist to use all the data to train the model?

- A. Load a smaller subset of the data into the SageMaker notebook and train locally.
- B. Confirm that the training code is executing and the model parameters seem reasonable.
- C. Initiate a SageMaker training job using the full dataset from the S3 bucket using Pipe input mode.
- D. Launch an Amazon EC2 instance with an AWS Deep Learning AMI and attach the S3 bucket to the instance.
- E. Train on a small amount of the data to verify the training code and hyperparameter.
- F. Go back to Amazon SageMaker and train using the full dataset.
- G. Use AWS Glue to train a model using a small subset of the data to confirm that the data will be compatible with Amazon SageMaker.
- H. Initiate a SageMaker training job using the full dataset from the S3 bucket using Pipe input mode.
- I. Load a smaller subset of the data into the SageMaker notebook and train locally.
- J. Confirm that the training code is executing and the model parameters seem reasonable.
- K. Launch an Amazon EC2 instance with an AWS Deep Learning AMI and attach the S3 bucket to train the full dataset.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 115

A machine learning (ML) specialist is administering a production Amazon SageMaker endpoint with model monitoring configured. Amazon SageMaker Model Monitor detects violations on the SageMaker endpoint, so the ML specialist retrains the model with the latest dataset. This dataset is statistically representative of the current production traffic. The ML specialist notices that even after deploying the new SageMaker model and running the first monitoring job, the SageMaker endpoint still has violations.

What should the ML specialist do to resolve the violations?

- A. Manually trigger the monitoring job to re-evaluate the SageMaker endpoint traffic sample.
- B. Run the Model Monitor baseline job again on the new training set.
- C. Configure Model Monitor to use the new baseline.
- D. Delete the endpoint and recreate it with the original configuration.
- E. Retrain the model again by using a combination of the original training set and the new training set.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 120

A Machine Learning Specialist working for an online fashion company wants to build a data ingestion solution for the company's Amazon S3-based data lake. The Specialist wants to create a set of ingestion mechanisms that will enable future capabilities comprised of:

- Real-time analytics
- Interactive analytics of historical data
- Clickstream analytics
- Product recommendations

Which services should the Specialist use?

- A. AWS Glue as the data catalog; Amazon Kinesis Data Streams and Amazon Kinesis Data Analytics for real-time data insights; Amazon Kinesis Data Firehose for delivery to Amazon ES for clickstream analytics; Amazon EMR to generate personalized product recommendations
- B. Amazon Athena as the data catalog; Amazon Kinesis Data Streams and Amazon Kinesis Data Analytics for near-realtime data insights; Amazon Kinesis Data Firehose for clickstream analytics; AWS Glue to generate personalized product recommendations
- C. AWS Glue as the data catalog; Amazon Kinesis Data Streams and Amazon Kinesis Data Analytics for historical data insights; Amazon Kinesis Data Firehose for delivery to Amazon ES for clickstream analytics; Amazon EMR to generate personalized product recommendations
- D. Amazon Athena as the data catalog; Amazon Kinesis Data Streams and Amazon Kinesis Data Analytics for historical data insights; Amazon DynamoDB streams for clickstream analytics; AWS Glue to generate personalized product recommendations

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 123

A company that manufactures mobile devices wants to determine and calibrate the appropriate sales price for its devices. The company is collecting the relevant data and is determining data features that it can use to train machine learning (ML) models. There are more than 1,000 features, and the company wants to determine the primary features that contribute to the sales price.

Which techniques should the company use for feature selection? (Choose three.)

- A. Data scaling with standardization and normalization
- B. Correlation plot with heat maps
- C. Data binning
- D. Univariate selection
- E. Feature importance with a tree-based classifier
- F. Data augmentation

Answer: CDF

NEW QUESTION 126

A Machine Learning Specialist trained a regression model, but the first iteration needs optimizing. The Specialist needs to understand whether the model is more frequently overestimating or underestimating the target.

What option can the Specialist use to determine whether it is overestimating or underestimating the target value?

- A. Root Mean Square Error (RMSE)
- B. Residual plots
- C. Area under the curve
- D. Confusion matrix

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 131

A Data Scientist is building a model to predict customer churn using a dataset of 100 continuous numerical features. The Marketing team has not provided any insight about which features are relevant for churn prediction. The Marketing team wants to interpret the model and see the direct impact of relevant features on the model outcome. While training a logistic regression model, the Data Scientist observes that there is a wide gap between the training and validation set accuracy.

Which methods can the Data Scientist use to improve the model performance and satisfy the Marketing team's needs? (Choose two.)

- A. Add L1 regularization to the classifier
- B. Add features to the dataset
- C. Perform recursive feature elimination
- D. Perform t-distributed stochastic neighbor embedding (t-SNE)
- E. Perform linear discriminant analysis

Answer: BE

NEW QUESTION 134

A company offers an online shopping service to its customers. The company wants to enhance the site's security by requesting additional information when customers access the site from locations that are different from their normal location. The company wants to update the process to call a machine learning (ML) model to determine when additional information should be requested.

The company has several terabytes of data from its existing ecommerce web servers containing the source IP addresses for each request made to the web server. For authenticated requests, the records also contain the login name of the requesting user.

Which approach should an ML specialist take to implement the new security feature in the web application?

- A. Use Amazon SageMaker Ground Truth to label each record as either a successful or failed access attempt
- B. Use Amazon SageMaker to train a binary classification model using the factorization machines (FM) algorithm.
- C. Use Amazon SageMaker to train a model using the IP Insights algorithm
- D. Schedule updates and retraining of the model using new log data nightly.
- E. Use Amazon SageMaker Ground Truth to label each record as either a successful or failed access attempt
- F. Use Amazon SageMaker to train a binary classification model using the IP Insights algorithm.
- G. Use Amazon SageMaker to train a model using the Object2Vec algorithm
- H. Schedule updates and retraining of the model using new log data nightly.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 138

A large consumer goods manufacturer has the following products on sale

- 34 different toothpaste variants
- 48 different toothbrush variants
- 43 different mouthwash variants

The entire sales history of all these products is available in Amazon S3. Currently, the company is using custom-built autoregressive integrated moving average (ARIMA) models to forecast demand for these products. The company wants to predict the demand for a new product that will soon be launched.

Which solution should a Machine Learning Specialist apply?

- A. Train a custom ARIMA model to forecast demand for the new product.
- B. Train an Amazon SageMaker DeepAR algorithm to forecast demand for the new product.
- C. Train an Amazon SageMaker k-means clustering algorithm to forecast demand for the new product.
- D. Train a custom XGBoost model to forecast demand for the new product.

Answer: B

Explanation:

The Amazon SageMaker DeepAR forecasting algorithm is a supervised learning algorithm for forecasting scalar (one-dimensional) time series using recurrent neural networks (RNN). Classical forecasting methods, such as autoregressive integrated moving average (ARIMA) or exponential smoothing (ETS), fit a single model to each individual time series. They then use that model to extrapolate the time series into the future.

NEW QUESTION 140

Which of the following metrics should a Machine Learning Specialist generally use to compare/evaluate machine learning classification models against each other?

- A. Recall
- B. Misclassification rate
- C. Mean absolute percentage error (MAPE)
- D. Area Under the ROC Curve (AUC)

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 142

A machine learning specialist stores IoT soil sensor data in Amazon DynamoDB table and stores weather event data as JSON files in Amazon S3. The dataset in DynamoDB is 10 GB in size and the dataset in Amazon S3 is 5 GB in size. The specialist wants to train a model on this data to help predict soil moisture levels as a function of weather events using Amazon SageMaker.

Which solution will accomplish the necessary transformation to train the Amazon SageMaker model with the LEAST amount of administrative overhead?

- A. Launch an Amazon EMR cluster
- B. Create an Apache Hive external table for the DynamoDB table and S3 data
- C. Join the Hive tables and write the results out to Amazon S3.
- D. Crawl the data using AWS Glue crawler
- E. Write an AWS Glue ETL job that merges the two tables and writes the output to an Amazon Redshift cluster.
- F. Enable Amazon DynamoDB Streams on the sensor table
- G. Write an AWS Lambda function that consumes the stream and appends the results to the existing weather files in Amazon S3.
- H. Crawl the data using AWS Glue crawler
- I. Write an AWS Glue ETL job that merges the two tables and writes the output in CSV format to Amazon S3.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 143

A company's Machine Learning Specialist needs to improve the training speed of a time-series forecasting model using TensorFlow. The training is currently implemented on a single-GPU machine and takes approximately 23 hours to complete. The training needs to be run daily.

The model accuracy is acceptable, but the company anticipates a continuous increase in the size of the training data and a need to update the model on an hourly, rather than a daily, basis. The company also wants to minimize coding effort and infrastructure changes.

What should the Machine Learning Specialist do to the training solution to allow it to scale for future demand?

- A. Do not change the TensorFlow code
- B. Change the machine to one with a more powerful GPU to speed up the training.
- C. Change the TensorFlow code to implement a Horovod distributed framework supported by Amazon SageMaker
- D. Parallelize the training to as many machines as needed to achieve the business goals.
- E. Switch to using a built-in AWS SageMaker DeepAR mode
- F. Parallelize the training to as many machines as needed to achieve the business goals.
- G. Move the training to Amazon EMR and distribute the workload to as many machines as needed to achieve the business goals.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 148

A manufacturing company wants to use machine learning (ML) to automate quality control in its facilities. The facilities are in remote locations and have limited internet connectivity. The company has 20 TB of training data that consists of labeled images of defective product parts. The training data is in the corporate on-premises data center.

The company will use this data to train a model for real-time defect detection in new parts as the parts move on a conveyor belt in the facilities. The company needs a solution that minimizes costs for compute infrastructure and that maximizes the scalability of resources for training. The solution also must facilitate the company's use of an ML model in the low-connectivity environments.

Which solution will meet these requirements?

- A. Move the training data to an Amazon S3 bucket
- B. Train and evaluate the model by using Amazon SageMaker
- C. Optimize the model by using SageMaker Ne
- D. Deploy the model on a SageMaker hosting services endpoint.
- E. Train and evaluate the model on premise
- F. Upload the model to an Amazon S3 bucket
- G. Deploy the model on an Amazon SageMaker hosting services endpoint.
- H. Move the training data to an Amazon S3 bucket
- I. Train and evaluate the model by using Amazon SageMaker
- J. Optimize the model by using SageMaker Ne
- K. Set up an edge device in the manufacturing facilities with AWS IoT Greengrass
- L. Deploy the model on the edge device.
- M. Train the model on premise
- N. Upload the model to an Amazon S3 bucket
- O. Set up an edge device in the manufacturing facilities with AWS IoT Greengrass
- P. Deploy the model on the edge device.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 149

An interactive online dictionary wants to add a widget that displays words used in similar contexts. A Machine Learning Specialist is asked to provide word features for the downstream nearest neighbor model powering the widget. What should the Specialist do to meet these requirements?

- A. Create one-hot word encoding vectors.
- B. Produce a set of synonyms for every word using Amazon Mechanical Turk.
- C. Create word embedding factors that store edit distance with every other word.
- D. Download word embedding's pre-trained on a large corpus.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 153

A Data Scientist is training a multilayer perception (MLP) on a dataset with multiple classes. The target class of interest is unique compared to the other classes within the dataset, but it does not achieve an acceptable recall metric. The Data Scientist has already tried varying the number and size of the MLP's hidden layers, which has not significantly improved the results. A solution to improve recall must be implemented as quickly as possible. Which techniques should be used to meet these requirements?

- A. Gather more data using Amazon Mechanical Turk and then retrain
- B. Train an anomaly detection model instead of an MLP
- C. Train an XGBoost model instead of an MLP
- D. Add class weights to the MLP's loss function and then retrain

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 154

A Machine Learning Specialist wants to determine the appropriate SageMakerVariant Invocations Per Instance setting for an endpoint automatic scaling configuration. The Specialist has performed a load test on a single instance and determined that peak requests per second (RPS) without service degradation is about 20 RPS. As this is the first deployment, the Specialist intends to set the invocation safety factor to 0.5. Based on the stated parameters and given that the invocations per instance setting is measured on a per-minute basis, what should the Specialist set as the sageMakerVariantInvocationsPerInstance setting?

- A. 10
- B. 30
- C. 600
- D. 2,400

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 156

A machine learning specialist needs to analyze comments on a news website with users across the globe. The specialist must find the most discussed topics in the comments that are in either English or Spanish. What steps could be used to accomplish this task? (Choose two.)

- A. Use an Amazon SageMaker BlazingText algorithm to find the topics independently from language. Proceed with the analysis.
- B. Use an Amazon SageMaker seq2seq algorithm to translate from Spanish to English, if necessary.
- C. Use a SageMaker Latent Dirichlet Allocation (LDA) algorithm to find the topics.
- D. Use Amazon Translate to translate from Spanish to English, if necessary.
- E. Use Amazon Comprehend topic modeling to find the topics.
- F. Use Amazon Translate to translate from Spanish to English, if necessary.
- G. Use Amazon Lex to extract topics from the content.
- H. Use Amazon Translate to translate from Spanish to English, if necessary.
- I. Use Amazon SageMaker Neural Topic Model (NTM) to find the topics.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 161

A company is using Amazon Textract to extract textual data from thousands of scanned text-heavy legal documents daily. The company uses this information to process loan applications automatically. Some of the documents fail business validation and are returned to human reviewers, who investigate the errors. This activity increases the time to process the loan applications. What should the company do to reduce the processing time of loan applications?

- A. Configure Amazon Textract to route low-confidence predictions to Amazon SageMaker Ground Truth. Perform a manual review on those words before performing a business validation.
- B. Use an Amazon Textract synchronous operation instead of an asynchronous operation.
- C. Configure Amazon Textract to route low-confidence predictions to Amazon Augmented AI (AmazonA2I). Perform a manual review on those words before performing a business validation.
- D. Use Amazon Rekognition's feature to detect text in an image to extract the data from scanned images. Use this information to process the loan applications.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 162

A data scientist is using the Amazon SageMaker Neural Topic Model (NTM) algorithm to build a model that recommends tags from blog posts. The raw blog post data is stored in an Amazon S3 bucket in JSON format. During model evaluation, the data scientist discovered that the model recommends certain stopwords such as "a," "an," and "the" as tags to certain blog posts, along with a few rare words that are present only in certain blog entries. After a few iterations of tag review with the content team, the data scientist notices that the rare words are unusual but feasible. The data scientist also must ensure that the tag recommendations of the generated model do not include the stopwords. What should the data scientist do to meet these requirements?

- A. Use the Amazon Comprehend entity recognition API operation
- B. Remove the detected words from the blog post dat
- C. Replace the blog post data source in the S3 bucket.
- D. Run the SageMaker built-in principal component analysis (PCA) algorithm with the blog post data from the S3 bucket as the data sourc
- E. Replace the blog post data in the S3 bucket with the results of the training job.
- F. Use the SageMaker built-in Object Detection algorithm instead of the NTM algorithm for the training job to process the blog post data.
- G. Remove the stopwords from the blog post data by using the Count Vectorizer function in the scikit-learnlibrar
- H. Replace the blog post data in the S3 bucket with the results of the vectorizer.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 165

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