Amazon-Web-Services

Exam Questions SOA-C02

AWS Certified SysOps Administrator - Associate (SOA-C02)

NEW QUESTION 1
- (Exam Topic 1)
An organization with a large IT department has decided to migrate to AWS With different job functions in the IT department it is not desirable to give all users access to all AWS resources Currently the organization handles access via LDAP group membership
What is the BEST method to allow access using current LDAP credentials?

A. Create an AWS Directory Service Simple AD Replicate the on-premises LDAP directory to Simple AD
B. Create a Lambda function to read LDAP groups and automate the creation of IAM users
C. Use AWS CloudFormation to create IAM roles Deploy Direct Connect to allow access to the on-premises LDAP server
D. Federate the LDAP directory with IAM using SAML Create different IAM roles to correspond to different LDAP groups to limit permissions

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 2
- (Exam Topic 1)
A SysOps administrator has used AWS Cloud Formation to deploy a sereness application into a production VPC. The application consists of an AWS Lambda function, an Amazon DynamoOB table, and an Amazon API Gateway API. The SysOps administrator must delete the AWS Cloud Formation stack without deleting the DynamoOB table.
Which action should the SysOps administrator take before deleting the AWS Cloud Formation stack?

A. Add a Retain deletion policy to the DynamoOB resource in the AWS CloudFormation stack.
B. Add a Snapshot deletion policy to the DynamoOB resource In the AWS CloudFormation stack.
C. Enable termination protection on the AWS Cloud Formation stack.
D. Update the application's IAM policy with a Deny statement for the dynamodb:DeleteTabie action.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 3
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company creates a new member account by using AWS Organizations. A SysOps administrator needs to add AWS Business Support to the new account
Which combination of steps must the SysOps administrator take to meet this requirement? (Select TWO.)

A. Sign in to the new account by using 1AM credential
B. Change the support plan.
C. Sign in to the new account by using root user credential
D. Change the support plan.
E. Use the AWS Support API to change the support plan.
F. Reset the password of the account root user.
G. Create an IAM user that has administrator privileges in the new account.

Answer: BE

Explanation:
The best combination of steps to meet this requirement is to sign in to the new account by using root user credentials and change the support plan, and to create an IAM user that has administrator privileges in the new account.
Signing in to the new account by using root user credentials will allow the SysOps administrator to access the account and change the support plan to AWS Business Support. Additionally, creating an IAM user that has administrator privileges in the new account will ensure that the SysOps administrator has the necessary access to manage the account and make changes to the support plan if necessary.
Reference:
[1] https://docs.aws.amazon.com/organizations/latest/userguide/orgs_manage_accounts_access.html#orgs_ma

NEW QUESTION 4
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company runs a website from Sydney, Australia. Users in the United States (US) and Europe are reporting that images and videos are taking a long time to load. However, local testing in Australia indicates no performance issues. The website has a large amount of static content in the form of images and videos that are stored m Amazon S3.
Which solution will result In the MOST Improvement In the user experience for users In the US and Europe?

A. Configure AWS PrivateLink for Amazon S3.
B. Configure S3 Transfer Acceleration.
C. Create an Amazon CloudFront distributio
D. Distribute the static content to the CloudFront edge locations
E. Create an Amazon API Gateway API in each AWS Regio
F. Cache the content locally.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 5
- (Exam Topic 1)
A SysOps administrator must set up notifications for whenever combined billing exceeds a certain threshold for all AWS accounts within a company. The administrator has set up AWS Organizations and enabled Consolidated Billing.
Which additional steps must the administrator perform to set up the billing alerts?

A. In the payer account: Enable billing alerts in the Billing and Cost Management console; publish an Amazon SNS message when the billing alert triggers.
B. In each account: Enable billing alerts in the Billing and Cost Management console; set up a billing alarm in Amazon CloudWatch; publish an SNS message when the alarm triggers.
C. In the payer account: Enable billing alerts in the Billing and Cost Management console; set up a billing alarm in the Billing and Cost Management console to

publish an SNS message when the alarm triggers.
D. In the payer account: Enable billing alerts in the Billing and Cost Management console; set up a billing alarm in Amazon CloudWatch; publish an SNS message when the alarm triggers.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 6
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company is rolling out a new version of its website. Management wants to deploy the new website in a limited rollout to 20% of the company's customers. The company uses Amazon Route 53 for its website's DNS solution.
Which configuration will meet these requirements?

A. Create a failover routing polic
B. Within the policy, configure 80% of the website traffic to be sent to the original resourc
C. Configure the remaining 20% of traffic as the failover record that points to the new resource.
D. Create a multivalue answer routing polic
E. Within the policy, create 4 records with the name and IP address of the original resourc
F. Configure 1 record with the name and IP address of the new resource.
G. Create a latency-based routing polic
H. Within the policy, configure a record pointing to the original resource with a weight of 80. Configure a record pointing to the new resource with a weight of 20.
I. Create a weighted routing polic
J. Within the policy, configure a weight of 80 for the record pointing to the original resourc
K. Configure a weight of 20 for the record pointing to the new resource.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 7
- (Exam Topic 1)
The security team is concerned because the number of AWS Identity and Access Management (IAM) policies being used in the environment is increasing. The team tasked a SysOps administrator to report on the current number of IAM policies in use and the total available IAM policies.
Which AWS service should the administrator use to check how current IAM policy usage compares to current service limits?

A. AWS Trusted Advisor
B. Amazon Inspector
C. AWS Config
D. AWS Organizations

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 8
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company stores its data in an Amazon S3 bucket. The company is required to classify the data and find any sensitive personal information in its S3 files.
Which solution will meet these requirements?

A. Create an AWS Config rule to discover sensitive personal information in the S3 files and mark them as noncompliant.
B. Create an S3 event-driven artificial intelligence/machine learning (AI/ML) pipeline to classify sensitive personal information by using Amazon Recognition.
C. Enable Amazon GuardDut
D. Configure S3 protection to monitor all data inside Amazon S3.
E. Enable Amazon Maci
F. Create a discovery job that uses the managed data identifier.

Answer: D

Explanation:
Amazon Macie is a security service designed to help organizations find, classify, and protect sensitive data stored in Amazon S3. Amazon Macie uses machine learning to automatically discover, classify, and protect sensitive data in Amazon S3. Creating a discovery job with the managed data identifier will allow Macie to identify sensitive personal information in the S3 files and classify it accordingly. Enabling AWS Config and Amazon GuardDuty will not help with this requirement as they are not designed to automatically classify and protect data.

NEW QUESTION 9
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company wants to track its AWS costs in all member accounts that are part of an organization in AWS Organizations. Managers of the member accounts want to receive a notification when the estimated costs exceed a predetermined amount each month. The managers are unable to configure a billing alarm. The IAM permissions for all users are correct. What could be the cause of this issue?

A. The management/payer account does not have billing alerts turned on.
B. The company has not configured AWS Resource Access Manager (AWS RAM) to share billing information between the member accounts and the management/payer account.
C. Amazon GuardDuty is turned on for all the accounts.
D. The company has not configured an AWS Config rule to monitor billing.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 10
- (Exam Topic 1)
A SysOps administrator must create a solution that immediately notifies software developers if an AWS Lambda function experiences an error.
Which solution will meet this requirement?

A. Create an Amazon Simple Notification Service (Amazon SNS) topic with an email subscription for each develope
B. Create an Amazon CloudWatch alarm by using the Errors metric and the Lambda function name as a dimensio
C. Configure the alarm to send a notification to the SNS topic when the alarm state reaches ALARM.
D. Create an Amazon Simple Notification Service (Amazon SNS) topic with a mobile subscription for each develope
E. Create an Amazon EventBridge (Amazon CloudWatch Events) alarm by using LambdaError as the event pattern and the SNS topic name as a resourc
F. Configure the alarm to send a notification to the SNS topic when the alarm state reaches ALARM.
G. Verify each developer email address in Amazon Simple Email Service (Amazon SES). Create an Amazon CloudWatch rule by using the LambdaError metric and developer email addresses as dimension
H. Configure the rule to send an email through Amazon SES when the rule state reaches ALARM.
I. Verify each developer mobile phone in Amazon Simple Email Service {Amazon SES). Create an Amazon EventBridge (Amazon CloudWatch Events) rule by using Errors as the event pattern and the Lambda function name as a resourc
J. Configure the rule to send a push notification through Amazon SES when the rule state reaches ALARM.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 10
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company has multiple AWS Site-to-Site VPN connections between a VPC and its branch offices. The company manages an Amazon Elasticsearch Service (Amazon ES) domain that is configured with public
access. The Amazon ES domain has an open domain access policy. A SysOps administrator needs to ensure that Amazon ES can be accessed only from the branch offices while preserving existing data.
Which solution will meet these requirements?

A. Configure an identity-based access policy on Amazon E
B. Add an allow statement to the policy that includes the Amazon Resource Name (ARN) for each branch office VPN connection.
C. Configure an IP-based domain access policy on Amazon E
D. Add an allow statement to the policy that includes the private IP CIDR blocks from each branch office network.
E. Deploy a new Amazon ES domain in private subnets in a VPC, and import a snapshot from the old domai
F. Create a security group that allows inbound traffic from the branch office CIDR blocks.
G. Reconfigure the Amazon ES domain in private subnets in a VP
H. Create a security group that allows inbound traffic from the branch office CIDR blocks.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 11
- (Exam Topic 1)
A SysOps administrator receives an alert from Amazon GuardDuty about suspicious network activity on an Amazon FC2 instance. The GuardDuty finding lists a new external IP address as a traffic destination. The SysOps administrator does not recognize the external IP address. The SysOps administrator must block traffic to the external IP address that GuardDuty identified
Which solution will meet this requirement?

A. Create a new security group to block traffic to the external IP addres
B. Assign the new security group to the EC2 instance
C. Use VPC flow logs with Amazon Athena to block traffic to the external IP address
D. Create a network ACL Add an outbound deny rule tor traffic to the external IP address
E. Create a new security group to block traffic to the external IP address Assign the new security group to the entire VPC

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 16
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company is partnering with an external vendor to provide data processing services. For this integration, the vendor must host the company's data in an Amazon S3 bucket in the vendor's AWS account. The vendor is allowing the company to provide an AWS Key Management Service (AWS KMS) key to encrypt the company's data. The vendor has provided an IAM role Amazon Resource Name (ARN) to the company for this integration.
What should a SysOps administrator do to configure this integration?

A. Create a new KMS ke
B. Add the vendor's IAM role ARN to the KMS key polic
C. Provide the new KMS key ARN to the vendor.
D. Create a new KMS ke
E. Create a new IAM use
F. Add the vendor's IAM role ARN to an inline policy that is attached to the IAM use
G. Provide the new IAM user ARN to the vendor.
H. Configure encryption using the KMS managed S3 ke
I. Add the vendor's IAM role ARN to the KMS managed S3 key polic
J. Provide the KMS managed S3 key ARN to the vendor.
K. Configure encryption using the KMS managed S3 ke
L. Create an S3 bucke
M. Add the vendor's IAM role ARN to the S3 bucket polic
N. Provide the S3 bucket ARN to the vendor.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 20
- (Exam Topic 1)
A SysOps administrator recently configured Amazon S3 Cross-Region Replication on an S3 bucket Which of the following does this feature replicate to the destination S3 bucket by default?

A. Objects in the source S3 bucket for which the bucket owner does not have permissions

B. Objects that are stored in S3 Glacier
C. Objects that existed before replication was configured
D. Object metadata

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 21
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company has two VPC networks named VPC A and VPC B. The VPC A CIDR block is 10.0.0.0/16 and the VPC B CIDR block is 172.31.0.0/16. The company wants to establish a VPC peering connection named
pcx-12345 between both VPCs.
Which rules should appear in the route table of VPC A after configuration? (Select TWO.)

A. Destination: 10.0.0.0/16, Target: Local
B. Destination: 172.31.0.0/16, Target: Local
C. Destination: 10.0.0.0/16, Target: pcx-12345
D. Destination: 172.31.0.0/16, Target: pcx-12345
E. Destination: 10.0.0.0/16. Target: 172.31.0.0/16

Answer: AD

Explanation:
https://docs.aws.amazon.com/vpc/latest/peering/vpc-peering-routing.html

NEW QUESTION 22
- (Exam Topic 1)
A SysOps administrator is reviewing AWS Trusted Advisor recommendations. The SysOps administrator notices that all the application servers for a finance application are listed in the Low Utilization Amazon EC2 Instances check. The application runs on three instances across three Availability Zones. The SysOps administrator must reduce the cost of running the application without affecting the application's availability or design.
Which solution will meet these requirements?

A. Reduce the number of application servers.
B. Apply rightsizing recommendations from AWS Cost Explorer to reduce the instance size.
C. Provision an Application Load Balancer in front of the instances.
D. Scale up the instance size of the application servers.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 23
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company has an existing web application that runs on two Amazon EC2 instances behind an Application Load Balancer (ALB) across two Availability Zones The application uses an Amazon RDS Multi-AZ DB Instance Amazon Route 53 record sets route requests tor dynamic content to the load balancer and requests for static content to an Amazon S3 bucket Site visitors are reporting extremely long loading times.
Which actions should be taken to improve the performance of the website? (Select TWO)

A. Add Amazon CloudFront caching for static content
B. Change the load balancer listener from HTTPS to TCP
C. Enable Amazon Route 53 latency-based routing
D. Implement Amazon EC2 Auto Scaling for the web servers
E. Move the static content from Amazon S3 to the web servers

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 26
- (Exam Topic 1)
A SysOps administrator needs to create alerts that are based on the read and write metrics of Amazon Elastic Block Store (Amazon EBS) volumes that are attached to an Amazon EC2 instance. The SysOps administrator creates and enables Amazon CloudWatch alarms for the DiskReadBytes metric and the DiskWriteBytes metric.
A custom monitoring tool that is installed on the EC2 instance with the same alarm configuration indicates that the volume metrics have exceeded the threshold. However, the CloudWatch alarms were not in ALARM state.
Which action will ensure that the CloudWatch alarms function correctly?

A. Install and configure the CloudWatch agent on the EC2 instance to capture the desired metrics.
B. Install and configure AWS Systems Manager Agent on the EC2 instance to capture the desired metrics.
C. Reconfigure the CloudWatch alarms to use the VolumeReadBytes metric and the VolumeWriteBytes metric for the EBS volumes.
D. Reconfigure the CloudWatch alarms to use the VolumeReadBytes metric and the VolumeWriteBytes metric for the EC2 instance.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 28
- (Exam Topic 1)
A SysOps administrator wants to manage a web server application with AWS Elastic Beanstalk. The Elastic Beanstalk service must maintain full capacity for new deployments at all times.
Which deployment policies satisfy this requirement? (Select TWO.)

A. All at once
B. Immutable
C. Rebuild

D. Rolling
E. Rolling with additional batch

Answer: BE

Explanation:
https://docs.aws.amazon.com/elasticbeanstalk/latest/dg/using-features.rolling-version-deploy.html

NEW QUESTION 33
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company needs to implement a managed file system to host Windows file shares for users on premises. Resources in the AWS Cloud also need access to the data on these file shares. A SysOps administrator needs to present the user file shares on premises and make the user file shares available on AWS with minimum latency.
What should the SysOps administrator do to meet these requirements?

A. Set up an Amazon S3 File Gateway.
B. Set up an AWS Direct Connect connection.
C. Use AWS DataSync to automate data transfers between the existing file servers and AWS.
D. Set up an Amazon FSx File Gateway.

Answer: D

Explanation:
Amazon FSx provides a fully managed file system that is optimized for Windows-based workloads and can be used to create file shares that can be accessed both on premises and in the AWS Cloud. The file shares that are created in Amazon FSx are highly available and can be accessed with low latency. Additionally, Amazon FSx supports Windows-based authentication, making it easy to integrate with existing Windows user accounts.
References:
[1] https://aws.amazon.com/fsx/
[2] https://aws.amazon.com/storage/file-storage/
[3] https://docs.aws.a

NEW QUESTION 35
- (Exam Topic 1)
A SysOps administrator has created a VPC that contains a public subnet and a private subnet. Amazon EC2 instances that were launched in the private subnet cannot access the internet. The default network ACL is active on all subnets in the VPC, and all security groups allow all outbound traffic:
Which solution will provide the EC2 instances in the private subnet with access to the internet?

A. Create a NAT gateway in the public subne
B. Create a route from the private subnet to the NAT gateway.
C. Create a NAT gateway in the public subne
D. Create a route from the public subnet to the NAT gateway.
E. Create a NAT gateway in the private subne
F. Create a route from the public subnet to the NAT gateway.
G. Create a NAT gateway in the private subne
H. Create a route from the private subnet to the NAT gateway.

Answer: A

Explanation:
NAT Gateway resides in public subnet, and traffic should be routed from private subnet to NAT Gateway: https://docs.aws.amazon.com/vpc/latest/userguide/vpc-nat-gateway.html

NEW QUESTION 37
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company wants to build a solution for its business-critical Amazon RDS for MySQL database. The database requires high availability across different geographic locations. A SysOps administrator must build a solution to handle a disaster recovery (DR) scenario with the lowest recovery time objective (RTO) and recovery point objective (RPO).
Which solution meets these requirements?

A. Create automated snapshots of the database on a schedul
B. Copy the snapshots to the DR Region.
C. Create a cross-Region read replica for the database.
D. Create a Multi-AZ read replica for the database.
E. Schedule AWS Lambda functions to create snapshots of the source database and to copy the snapshots to a DR Region.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 38
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company wants to create an automated solution for all accounts managed by AWS Organizations to detect any worry groups that urn 0.0.0.0/0 as the source address for inbound traffic. The company also wants to automatically remediate any noncompliant security groups by restricting access to a specific CIDR block corresponds with the company's intranet.

A. Create an AWS Config rule to detect noncompliant security group
B. Set up automatic remediation to change the 0.0.0.0/0 source address to the approved CIDK block.
C. Create an IAM policy to deny the creation of security groups that have 0.0.0.0/0 as the source address Attach this 1AM policy to every user in the company.
D. Create an AWS Lambda function to inspect now and existing security groups check for a noncompliant 0.0.0.0A) source address and change the source address to the approved CIDR block.
E. Create a service control policy (SCP) for the organizational unit (OU) to deny the creation of security groups that have the 0.0.0.0/0 source addres

F. Set up automatic remediation to change Vie 0.0.0.0/0 source address to the approved CIDR block.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 43
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company's financial department needs to view the cost details of each project in an AWS account A SysOps administrator must perform the initial configuration that is required to view cost for each project in Cost Explorer
Which solution will meet this requirement?

A. Activate cost allocation tags Add a project tag to the appropriate resources
B. Configure consolidated billing Create AWS Cost and Usage Reports
C. Use AWS Budgets Create AWS Budgets reports
D. Use cost categories to define custom groups that are based on AWS cost and usage dimensions

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 47
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company is hosting applications on Amazon EC2 instances. The company is hosting a database on an Amazon RDS for PostgreSQL DB instance. The company requires all connections to the DB instance to be encrypted.
What should a SysOps administrator do to meet this requirement?

A. Allow SSL connections to the database by using an inbound security group rule.
B. Encrypt the database by using an AWS Key Management Service (AWS KMS) encryption key.
C. Enforce SSL connections to the database by using a custom parameter group.
D. Patch the database with SSL/TLS by using a custom PostgreSQL extension.

Answer: C

Explanation:
https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonRDS/latest/UserGuide/PostgreSQL.Concepts.General.SSL.htm Amazon RDS supports SSL/TLS encryption for connections to the database, and this can be enabled by
creating a custom parameter group and setting the rds.force_ssl parameter to 1. This will ensure that all connections to the database are encrypted, protecting the data and maintaining compliance with the company's
requirements.l

NEW QUESTION 50
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company needs to upload gigabytes of files every day. The company need to achieve higher throughput and upload speeds to Amazon S3 Which action should a SysOps administrator take to meet this requirement?

A. Create an Amazon CloudFront distribution with the GET HTTP method allowed and the S3 bucket as an origin.
B. Create an Amazon ElastiCache duster and enable caching for the S3 bucket
C. Set up AWS Global Accelerator and configure it with the S3 bucket
D. Enable S3 Transfer Acceleration and use the acceleration endpoint when uploading files

Answer: D

Explanation:
Enable Amazon S3 Transfer Acceleration Amazon S3 Transfer Acceleration can provide fast and secure transfers over long distances between your client and Amazon S3. Transfer Acceleration uses Amazon CloudFront's globally distributed edge locations.
https://aws.amazon.com/premiumsupport/knowledge-center/s3-upload-large-files/

NEW QUESTION 52
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company runs a web application on three Amazon EC2 instances behind an Application Load Balancer (ALB). The company notices that random periods of increased traffic cause a degradation in the application's performance. A SysOps administrator must scale the application to meet the increased traffic.
Which solution meets these requirements?

A. Create an Amazon CloudWatch alarm to monitor application latency and increase the size of each EC2 instance If the desired threshold is reached.
B. Create an Amazon EventBridge (Amazon CloudWatch Events) rule to monitor application latency and add an EC2 instance to the ALB if the desired threshold is reached.
C. Deploy the application to an Auto Scaling group of EC2 instances with a target tracking scaling policy.Attach the ALB to the Auto Scaling group.
D. Deploy the application to an Auto Scaling group of EC2 instances with a scheduled scaling policy.Attach the ALB to the Auto Scaling group.

Answer: C

Explanation:
docs.aws.amazon.com/autoscaling/ec2/userguide/as-scaling-target-tracking.html

NEW QUESTION 56
- (Exam Topic 1)
A development team recently deployed a new version of a web application to production After the release, penetration testing revealed a cross-site scripting vulnerability that could expose user data
Which AWS service will mitigate this issue?

A. AWS Shield Standard

B. AWS WAF
C. Elastic Load Balancing
D. Amazon Cognito

Answer: B

Explanation:
https://www.imperva.com/learn/application-security/cross-site-scripting-xss-attacks/

NEW QUESTION 60
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company is attempting to manage its costs in the AWS Cloud. A SysOps administrator needs specific company-defined tags that are assigned to resources to appear on the billing report.
What should the SysOps administrator do to meet this requirement?

A. Activate the tags as AWS generated cost allocation tags.
B. Activate the tags as user-defined cost allocation tags.
C. Create a new cost categor
D. Select the account billing dimension.
E. Create a new AWS Cost and Usage Repor
F. Include the resource IDs.

Answer: B

Explanation:
https://docs.aws.amazon.com/awsaccountbilling/latest/aboutv2/custom-tags.html "User-defined tags are tags that you define, create, and apply to resources. After you have created and applied the user-defined tags, you can activate by using the Billing and Cost Management console for cost allocation tracking. "
To meet this requirement, the SysOps administrator should activate the company-defined tags as user-defined cost allocation tags. This will ensure that the tags appear on the billing report and that the resources can be tracked with the specific tags. The other options (activating the tags as AWS generated cost allocation tags, creating a new cost category and selecting the account billing dimension, and creating a new AWS Cost and Usage Report and including the resource IDs) will not meet the requirements and are not the correct solutions for this issue.

NEW QUESTION 61
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company's web application is available through an Amazon CloudFront distribution and directly through an internet-facing Application Load Balancer (ALB) A SysOps administrator must make the application accessible only through the CloudFront distribution and not directly through the ALB. The SysOps administrator must make this change without changing the application code
Which solution will meet these requirements?

A. Modify the ALB type to internal Set the distribution's origin to the internal ALB domain name
B. Create a Lambda@Edge function Configure the function to compare a custom header value in the request with a stored password and to forward the request to the origin in case of a match Associate the function with the distribution.
C. Replace the ALB with a new internal ALB Set the distribution's origin to the internal ALB domain name Add a custom HTTP header to the origin settings for the distribution In the ALB listener add a rule to forward requests that contain the matching custom header and the header's value Add a default rule to return a fixed response code of 403.
D. Add a custom HTTP header to the origin settings for the distribution in the ALB listener add a rule to forward requests that contain the matching custom header and the header's value Add a default rule to return a fixed response code of 403.

Answer: D

Explanation:
To make the application accessible only through the CloudFront distribution and not directly through the Application Load Balancer (ALB), you can add a custom HTTP header to the origin settings for the CloudFront distribution. You can then create a rule in the ALB listener to forward requests that contain the matching custom header and its value to the origin. You can also add a default rule to the ALB listener to return a fixed response code of 403 for requests that do not contain the matching custom header. This will allow you to redirect all requests to the CloudFront distribution and block direct access to the application through the ALB.
https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonCloudFront/latest/DeveloperGuide/restrict-access-to-load-balancer.html

NEW QUESTION 65
- (Exam Topic 1)
A SysOps administrator notices a scale-up event for an Amazon EC2 Auto Scaling group Amazon CloudWatch shows a spike in the RequestCount metric for the associated Application Load Balancer The administrator would like to know the IP addresses for the source of the requests
Where can the administrator find this information?

A. Auto Scaling logs
B. AWS CloudTrail logs
C. EC2 instance logs
D. Elastic Load Balancer access logs

Answer: D

Explanation:
Elastic Load Balancing provides access logs that capture detailed information about requests sent to your load balancer. Each log contains information such as the time the request was received, the client's IP address, latencies, request paths, and server responses. You can use these access logs to analyze traffic patterns and troubleshoot issues.
https://docs.aws.amazon.com/elasticloadbalancing/latest/application/load-balancer-access-logs.html

NEW QUESTION 68
- (Exam Topic 1)
While setting up an AWS managed VPN connection, a SysOps administrator creates a customer gateway resource in AWS. The customer gateway device resides

in a data center with a NAT gateway in front of it.
What address should be used to create the customer gateway resource?

A. The private IP address of the customer gateway device
B. The MAC address of the NAT device in front of the customer gateway device
C. The public IP address of the customer gateway device
D. The public IP address of the NAT device in front of the customer gateway device

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 71
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company uses AWS CloudFormation to deploy its application infrastructure Recently, a user accidentally changed a property of a database in a CloudFormation template and performed a stack update that caused an interruption to the application A SysOps administrator must determine how to modify the deployment process to allow the DevOps team to continue to deploy the infrastructure, but prevent against accidental modifications to specific resources.
Which solution will meet these requirements?

A. Set up an AWS Config rule to alert based on changes to any CloudFormation stack An AWS Lambda function can then describe the stack to determine if any protected resources were modified and cancel the operation
B. Set up an Amazon CloudWatch Events event with a rule to trigger based on any CloudFormation API call An AWS Lambda function can then describe the stack to determine if any protected resources were modified and cancel the operation
C. Launch the CloudFormation templates using a stack policy with an explicit allow for all resources and an explicit deny of the protected resources with an action of Update
D. Attach an IAM policy to the DevOps team role that prevents a CloudFormation stack from updating, with a condition based on the specific Amazon Resource Names (ARNs) of the protected resources

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 74
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company has an AWS Cloud Formation template that creates an Amazon S3 bucket. A user authenticates to the corporate AWS account with their Active Directory credentials and attempts to deploy the Cloud Formation template. However, the stack creation fails.
Which factors could cause this failure? (Select TWO.)

A. The user's IAM policy does not allow the cloudformation:CreateStack action.
B. The user's IAM policy does not allow the cloudformation:CreateStackSet action.
C. The user's IAM policy does not allow the s3:CreateBucket action.
D. The user's IAM policy explicitly denies the s3:ListBucket action.
E. The user's IAM policy explicitly denies the s3:PutObject action

Answer: AC

NEW QUESTION 77
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company is using an Amazon Aurora MySQL DB cluster that has point-in-time recovery, backtracking, and automatic backup enabled. A SysOps administrator needs to be able to roll back the DB cluster to a specific recovery point within the previous 72 hours. Restores must be completed in the same production DB cluster.
Which solution will meet these requirements?

A. Create an Aurora Replic
B. Promote the replica to replace the primary DB instance.
C. Create an AWS Lambda function to restore an automatic backup to the existing DB cluster.
D. Use backtracking to rewind the existing DB cluster to the desired recovery point.
E. Use point-in-time recovery to restore the existing DB cluster to the desired recovery point.

Answer: C

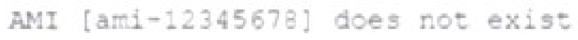
Explanation:
"The limit for a backtrack window is 72 hours.....Backtracking is only available for DB clusters that were created with the Backtrack feature enabled....Backtracking "rewinds" the DB cluster to the time you specify. Backtracking is not a replacement for backing up your DB cluster so that you can restore it to a point in time....You can backtrack a DB cluster quickly. Restoring a DB cluster to a point in time launches a new DB cluster and restores it from backup data or a DB cluster snapshot, which can take hours."
https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonRDS/latest/AuroraUserGuide/AuroraMySQL.Managing.Backtrack.html

NEW QUESTION 82
- (Exam Topic 1)
A SysOps administrator is testing an application mat is hosted on five Amazon EC2 instances The instances run in an Auto Scaling group behind an Application Load Balancer (ALB) High CPU utilization during load testing is causing the Auto Scaling group to scale out. The SysOps administrator must troubleshoot to find the root cause of the high CPU utilization before the Auto Scaling group scales out.
Which action should the SysOps administrator take to meet these requirements?

A. Enable instance scale-in protection.
B. Place the instance into the Standby stale.
C. Remove the listener from the ALB
D. Suspend the Launch and Terminate process types.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 87
- (Exam Topic 1)
A SysOps administrator Is troubleshooting an AWS Cloud Formation template whereby multiple Amazon EC2 instances are being created The template is working In us-east-1. but it is failing In us-west-2 with the error code:



```
AMI [ami-12345678] does not exist
```

How should the administrator ensure that the AWS Cloud Formation template is working in every region?

A. Copy the source region's Amazon Machine Image (AMI) to the destination region and assign it the same ID.
B. Edit the AWS CloudFormatton template to specify the region code as part of the fully qualified AMI ID.
C. Edit the AWS CloudFormatton template to offer a drop-down list of all AMIs to the user by using the aws :: EC2:: ami :: imageiD control.
D. Modify the AWS CloudFormation template by including the AMI IDs in the "Mappings" sectio
E. Refer to the proper mapping within the template for the proper AMI ID.

Answer: A

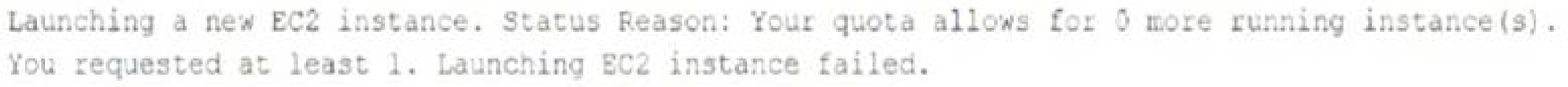
NEW QUESTION 90
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company must ensure that any objects uploaded to an S3 bucket are encrypted. Which of the following actions will meet this requirement? (Choose two.)

A. Implement AWS Shield to protect against unencrypted objects stored in S3 buckets.
B. Implement Object access control list (ACL) to deny unencrypted objects from being uploaded to the S3 bucket.
C. Implement Amazon S3 default encryption to make sure that any object being uploaded is encrypted before it is stored.
D. Implement Amazon Inspector to inspect objects uploaded to the S3 bucket to make sure that they are encrypted.
E. Implement S3 bucket policies to deny unencrypted objects from being uploaded to the buckets.

Answer: CE

Explanation:
https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonS3/latest/userguide/default-bucket-encryption.html
You can set the default encryption behavior on an Amazon S3 bucket so that all objects are encrypted when they are stored in the bucket. The objects are encrypted using server-side encryption with either Amazon S3-managed keys (SSE-S3) or AWS Key Management Service (AWS KMS) customer master keys (CMKs).
https://aws.amazon.com/blogs/security/how-to-prevent-uploads-of-unencrypted-objects-to-amazon-s3/ How to Prevent Uploads of Unencrypted Objects to Amazon S3#
By using an S3 bucket policy, you can enforce the encryption requirement when users upload objects, instead of assigning a restrictive IAM policy to all users.

NEW QUESTION 94
- (Exam Topic 1)
A SysOps administrator is creating an Amazon EC2 Auto Scaling group in a new AWS account. After adding some instances, the SysOps administrator notices that the group has not reached the minimum number of instances. The SysOps administrator receives the following error message:



```
Launching a new EC2 instance. Status Reason: Your quota allows for 0 more running instance(s).
You requested at least 1. Launching EC2 instance failed.
```

Which action will resolve this issue?

A. Adjust the account spending limits for Amazon EC2 on the AWS Billing and Cost Management console
B. Modify the EC2 quota for that AWS Region in the EC2 Settings section of the EC2 console.
C. Request a quota Increase for the Instance type family by using Service Quotas on the AWS Management Console.
D. Use the Rebalance action In the Auto Scaling group on the AWS Management Console.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 98
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company has multiple Amazon EC2 instances that run a resource-intensive application in a development environment. A SysOps administrator is implementing a solution to stop these EC2 instances when they are not in use.
Which solution will meet this requirement?

A. Assess AWS CloudTrail logs to verify that there is no EC2 API activit
B. Invoke an AWS Lambda function to stop the EC2 instances.
C. Create an Amazon CloudWatch alarm to stop the EC2 instances when the average CPU utilization is lower than 5% for a 30-minute period.
D. Create an Amazon CloudWatch metric to stop the EC2 instances when the VolumeReadBytes metric is lower than 500 for a 30-minute period.
E. Use AWS Config to invoke an AWS Lambda function to stop the EC2 instances based on resource configuration changes.

Answer: B

Explanation:
https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonCloudWatch/latest/monitoring/UsingAlarmActions.html#AddingStopActi

NEW QUESTION 103
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company creates custom AMI images by launching new Amazon EC2 instances from an AWS CloudFormation template it installs and configure necessary software through AWS OpsWorks and takes images of each EC2 instance. The process of installing and configuring software can take between 2 to 3 hours but at limes the process stalls due to installation errors.
The SysOps administrator must modify the CloudFormation template so if the process stalls, the entire stack will tail and roil back.
Based on these requirements what should be added to the template?

A. Conditions with a timeout set to 4 hours.
B. CreationPolicy with timeout set to 4 hours.
C. DependsOn a timeout set to 4 hours.
D. Metadata with a timeout set to 4 hours

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 107
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company has an Amazon RDS DB instance. The company wants to implement a caching service while maintaining high availability.
Which combination of actions will meet these requirements? (Choose two.)

A. Add Auto Discovery to the data store.
B. Create an Amazon ElastiCache for Memcached data store.
C. Create an Amazon ElastiCache for Redis data store.
D. Enable Multi-AZ for the data store.
E. Enable Multi-threading for the data store.

Answer: CD

Explanation:
https://aws.amazon.com/elasticache/memcached/ https://aws.amazon.com/elasticache/redis/

NEW QUESTION 109
- (Exam Topic 1)
A user working in the Amazon EC2 console increased the size of an Amazon Elastic Block Store (Amazon EBS) volume attached to an Amazon EC2 Windows instance. The change is not reflected in the file system.
What should a SysOps administrator do to resolve this issue?

A. Extend the file system with operating system-level tools to use the new storage capacity.
B. Reattach the EBS volume to the EC2 instance.
C. Reboot the EC2 instance that is attached to the EBS volume.
D. Take a snapshot of the EBS volum
E. Replace the original volume with a volume that is created from the snapshot.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 111
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company is using Amazon Elastic File System (Amazon EFS) to share a file system among several Amazon EC2 instances. As usage increases, users report that file retrieval from the EFS file system is slower than normal.
Which action should a SysOps administrator take to improve the performance of the file system?

A. Configure the file system for Provisioned Throughput.
B. Enable encryption in transit on the file system.
C. Identify any unused files in the file system, and remove the unused files.
D. Resize the Amazon Elastic Block Store (Amazon EBS) volume of each of the EC2 instances.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 114
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company has deployed a web application in a VPC that has subnets in three Availability Zones. The company launches three Amazon EC2 instances from an EC2 Auto Scaling group behind an Application Load Balancer (ALB).
A SysOps administrator notices that two of the EC2 instances are in the same Availability Zone, rather than being distributed evenly across all three Availability Zones. There are no errors in the Auto Scaling group's activity history.
What is the MOST likely reason for the unexpected placement of EC2 instances?

A. One Availability Zone did not have sufficient capacity for the requested EC2 instance type.
B. The ALB was configured for only two Availability Zones.
C. The Auto Scaling group was configured for only two Availability Zones.
D. Amazon EC2 Auto Scaling randomly placed the instances in Availability Zones.

Answer: C

Explanation:
the autoscaling group is responsable to add the instances in the subnets

NEW QUESTION 115
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company hosts several write-intensive applications. These applications use a MySQL database that runs on a single Amazon EC2 instance. The company asks a SysOps administrator to implement a highly available database solution that is ideal for multi-tenant workloads.
Which solution should the SysOps administrator implement to meet these requirements?

A. Create a second EC2 instance for MySQ
B. Configure the second instance to be a read replica.
C. Migrate the database to an Amazon Aurora DB cluste
D. Add an Aurora Replica.

E. Migrate the database to an Amazon Aurora multi-master DB cluster.
F. Migrate the database to an Amazon RDS for MySQL DB instance.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 117
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company's application currently uses an IAM role that allows all access to all AWS services. A SysOps administrator must ensure that the company's IAM policies allow only the permissions that the application requires.
How can the SysOps administrator create a policy to meet this requirement?

A. Turn on AWS CloudTrai
B. Generate a policy by using AWS Security Hub.
C. Turn on Amazon EventBridge (Amazon CloudWatch Events). Generate a policy by using AWS Identity and Access Management Access Analyzer.
D. Use the AWS CLI to run the get-generated-policy command in AWS Identity and Access Management Access Analyzer.
E. Turn on AWS CloudTrai
F. Generate a policy by using AWS Identity and Access Management Access Analyzer.

Answer: D

Explanation:
Generate a policy by using AWS Identity and Access Management Access Analyzer. AWS CloudTrail is a service that records all API calls made on your account. You can use this data to generate a policy with AWS Identity and Access Management Access Analyzer that only allows the permissions that the application requires. This will ensure that the application only has the necessary permissions and will protect the company from any unauthorized access.
https://docs.aws.amazon.com/IAM/latest/UserGuide/what-is-access-analyzer.html#what-is-access-analyzer-poli

NEW QUESTION 122
- (Exam Topic 1)
A Sysops administrator has created an Amazon EC2 instance using an AWS CloudFormation template in the us-east-I Region. The administrator finds that this template has failed to create an EC2 instance in the us-west-2 Region. What is one cause for this failure?

A. Resource tags defined in the CloudFormation template are specific to the us-east-I Region.
B. The Amazon Machine Image (AMI) ID referenced in the CloudFormation template could not be found in the us-west-2 Region.
C. The cfn-init script did not run during resource provisioning in the us-west-2 Region.
D. The IAM user was not created in the specified Region.

Answer: B

Explanation:
One possible cause for the failure of the CloudFormation template to create an EC2 instance in the us-west-2 Region is that the Amazon Machine Image (AMI) ID referenced in the template could not be found in the us-west-2 Region. This could be due to the fact that the AMI is not available in that region, or the credentials used to access the AMI were not configured properly. The other options (resource tags defined in the CloudFormation template are specific to the us-east-I Region, the cfn-init script did not run during resource provisioning in the us-west-2 Region, and the IAM user was not created in the specified Region) are not valid causes for this failure.

NEW QUESTION 125
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company has mandated the use of multi-factor authentication (MFA) for all IAM users, and requires users to make all API calls using the CLI. However. users are not prompted to enter MFA tokens, and are able to run CLI commands without MFA. In an attempt to enforce MFA, the company attached an IAM policy to all users that denies API calls that have not been authenticated with MFA.
What additional step must be taken to ensure that API calls are authenticated using MFA?

A. Enable MFA on IAM roles, and require IAM users to use role credentials to sign API calls.
B. Ask the IAM users to log into the AWS Management Console with MFA before making API calls using the CLI.
C. Restrict the IAM users to use of the console, as MFA is not supported for CLI use.
D. Require users to use temporary credentials from the get-session token command to sign API calls.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 128
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company manages an application that uses Amazon ElastiCache for Redis with two extra-large nodes spread across two different Availability Zones. The company's IT team discovers that the ElastiCache for Redis cluster has 75% freeable memory. The application must maintain high availability.
What is the MOST cost-effective way to resize the cluster?

A. Decrease the number of nodes in the ElastiCache for Redis cluster from 2 to 1.
B. Deploy a new ElastiCache for Redis cluster that uses large node type
C. Migrate the data from the original cluster to the new cluste
D. After the process is complete, shut down the original duster.
E. Deploy a new ElastiCache for Redis cluster that uses large node type
F. Take a backup from the original cluster, and restore the backup in the new cluste
G. After the process is complete, shut down the original cluster.
H. Perform an online resizing for the ElastiCache for Redis cluste
I. Change the node types from extra-large nodes to large nodes.

Answer: D

Explanation:
https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonElastiCache/latest/red-ug/scaling-redis-cluster-mode-enabled.html As demand on your clusters changes, you might decide

to improve performance or reduce costs by changing the number of shards in your Redis (cluster mode enabled) cluster. We recommend using online horizontal scaling to do so, because it allows your cluster to continue serving requests during the scaling process.
https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonElastiCache/latest/red-ug/redis-cluster-vertical-scaling-scaling-down.html

NEW QUESTION 130
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company hosts a web application on an Amazon EC2 instance. The web server logs are published to Amazon CloudWatch Logs. The log events have the same structure and include the HTTP response codes that are associated with the user requests. The company needs to monitor the number of times that the web server returns an HTTP 404 response.
What is the MOST operationally efficient solution that meets these requirements?

A. Create a CloudWatch Logs metric filter that counts the number of times that the web server returns an HTTP 404 response.
B. Create a CloudWatch Logs subscription filter that counts the number of times that the web server returns an HTTP 404 response.
C. Create an AWS Lambda function that runs a CloudWatch Logs Insights query that counts the number of 404 codes in the log events during the past hour.
D. Create a script that runs a CloudWatch Logs Insights query that counts the number of 404 codes in the log events during the past hour.

Answer: A

Explanation:
This is the most operationally efficient solution that meets the requirements, as it will allow the company to monitor the number of times that the web server returns an HTTP 404 response in real-time. The other solutions (creating a CloudWatch Logs subscription filter, an AWS Lambda function, or a script) will require additional steps and resources to monitor the number of times that the web server returns an HTTP 404 response.
A metric filter allows you to search for specific terms, phrases, or values in your log events, and then to create a metric based on the number of occurrences of those search terms. This allows you to create a CloudWatch Metric that can be used to create alarms and dashboards, which can be used to monitor the number of HTTP 404 responses returned by the web server.

NEW QUESTION 134
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company stores files on 50 Amazon S3 buckets in the same AWS Region The company wants to connect to the S3 buckets securely over a private connection from its Amazon EC2 instances The company needs a solution that produces no additional cost
Which solution will meet these requirements?

A. Create a gateway VPC endpoint lor each S3 bucket Attach the gateway VPC endpoints to each subnet inside the VPC
B. Create an interface VPC endpoint (or each S3 bucket Attach the interface VPC endpoints to each subnet inside the VPC
C. Create one gateway VPC endpoint for all the S3 buckets Add the gateway VPC endpoint to the VPC route table
D. Create one interface VPC endpoint for all the S3 buckets Add the interface VPC endpoint to the VPC route table

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 139
- (Exam Topic 1)
A SysOps administrator needs to delete an AWS CloudFormation stack that is no longer in use. The CloudFormation stack is in the DELETE_FAILED state. The SysOps administrator has validated the permissions that are required to delete the Cloud Formation stack.

A. The configured timeout to delete the stack was too low for the delete operation to complete.
B. The stack contains nested stacks that must be manually deleted fast.
C. The stack was deployed with the -disable rollback option.
D. There are additional resources associated with a security group in the stack
E. There are Amazon S3 buckets that still contain objects in the stack.

Answer: DE

NEW QUESTION 143
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company has an application that customers use to search for records on a website. The application's data is stored in an Amazon Aurora DB cluster. The application's usage varies by season and by day of the week.
The website's popularity is increasing, and the website is experiencing slower performance because of increased load on the DB cluster during periods of peak activity. The application logs show that the performance issues occur when users are searching for information. The same search is rarely performed multiple times.
A SysOps administrator must improve the performance of the platform by using a solution that maximizes resource efficiency.
Which solution will meet these requirements?

A. Deploy an Amazon ElastiCache for Redis cluster in front of the DB cluste
B. Modify the application to check the cache before the application issues new queries to the databas
C. Add the results of any queries to the cache.
D. Deploy an Aurora Replica for the DB cluste
E. Modify the application to use the reader endpoint for search operation
F. Use Aurora Auto Scaling to scale the number of replicas based on loa
G. Most Voted
H. Use Provisioned IOPS on the storage volumes that support the DB cluster to improve performance sufficiently to support the peak load on the application.
I. Increase the instance size in the DB cluster to a size that is sufficient to support the peak load on the applicatio
J. Use Aurora Auto Scaling to scale the instance size based on load.

Answer: B

Explanation:
https://docs.amazonaws.cn/en_us/AmazonRDS/latest/AuroraUserGuide/aurora-replicas-adding.html

NEW QUESTION 146
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company is migrating its production file server to AWS. All data that is stored on the file server must remain accessible if an Availability Zone becomes unavailable or when system maintenance is performed. Users must be able to interact with the file server through the SMB protocol. Users also must have the ability to manage file permissions by using Windows ACLs.
Which solution will net these requirements?

A. Create a single AWS Storage Gateway file gateway.
B. Create an Amazon FSx for Windows File Server Multi-AZ file system.
C. Deploy two AWS Storage Gateway file gateways across two Availability Zone
D. Configure an Application Load Balancer in front of the file gateways.
E. Deploy two Amazon FSx for Windows File Server Single-AZ 2 file system
F. Configure Microsoft Distributed File System Replication (DFSR).

Answer: B

Explanation:
https://aws.amazon.com/fsx/windows/

NEW QUESTION 148
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company wants to use only IPv6 for all its Amazon EC2 instances. The EC2 instances must not be accessible from the internet, but the EC2 instances must be able to access the internet. The company creates a dual-stack VPC and IPv6-only subnets.
How should a SysOps administrator configure the VPC to meet these requirements?

A. Create and attach a NAT gatewa
B. Create a custom route table that includes an entry to point all IPv6 traffic to the NAT gatewa
C. Attach the custom route table to the IPv6-only subnets.
D. Create and attach an internet gatewa
E. Create a custom route table that includes an entry to point all IPv6 traffic to the internet gatewa
F. Attach the custom route table to the IPv6-only subnets.
G. Create and attach an egress-only internet gatewa
H. Create a custom route table that includes an entry to point all IPv6 traffic to the egress-only internet gatewa
I. Attach the custom route table to the IPv6-only subnets.
J. Create and attach an internet gateway and a NAT gatewa
K. Create a custom route table that includes an entry to point all IPv6 traffic to the internet gateway and all IPv4 traffic to the NAT gatewa
L. Attach thecustom route table to the IPv6-only subnets.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 152
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company stores critical data m Amazon S3 buckets. A SysOps administrator must build a solution to record all S3 API activity. Which action will meet this requirement?

A. Configure S3 bucket metrics to record object access logs
B. Create an AWS CloudTrail trail to log data events tor all S3 objects
C. Enable S3 server access logging for each S3 bucket
D. Use AWS IAM Access Analyzer for Amazon S3 to store object access logs.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 153
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company needs to deploy a new workload on AWS. The company must encrypt all data at rest and must rotate the encryption keys once each year. The workload uses an Amazon RDS for MySQL Multi-AZ database for data storage.
Which configuration approach will meet these requirements?

A. Enable Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) in the MySQL configuration fil
B. Manually rotate the key every 12 months.
C. Enable RDS encryption on the database at creation time by using the AWS managed key for Amazon RDS.
D. Create a new AWS Key Management Service (AWS KMS) customer managed ke
E. Enable automatic key rotatio
F. Enable RDS encryption on the database at creation time by using the KMS key.
G. Create a new AWS Key Management Service (AWS KMS) customer managed ke
H. Enable automatic key rotatio
I. Enable encryption on the Amazon Elastic Block Store (Amazon EBS) volumes that are attached to the RDS DB instance.

Answer: C

Explanation:
This configuration approach will meet the requirement of encrypting all data at rest and rotating the encryption keys once each year. By creating a new AWS KMS customer managed key and enabling automatic key rotation, the encryption keys will be rotated automatically every year. By enabling RDS encryption on the database at creation time using the KMS key, all data stored in the RDS for MySQL Multi-AZ database will be encrypted at rest. This approach provide more control over key management and rotation and provide additional security benefits.

NEW QUESTION 158
- (Exam Topic 1)
An application runs on multiple Amazon EC2 instances in an Auto Scaling group The Auto Scaling group is

configured to use the latest version of a launch template A SysOps administrator must devise a solution that centrally manages the application logs and retains the logs for no more than 90 days
Which solution will meet these requirements?

A. Launch an Amazon Machine Image (AMI) that is preconfigured with the Amazon CloudWatch Logs agent to send logs to an Amazon S3 bucket Apply a 90-day S3 Lifecycle policy on the S3 bucket to expire the application logs
B. Launch an Amazon Machine Image (AMI) that is preconfigured with the Amazon CloudWatch Logs agent to send logs to a log group Create an Amazon EventBridge (Amazon CloudWatch Events) scheduled rule to perform an instance refresh every 90 days
C. Update the launch template user data to install and configure the Amazon CloudWatch Logs agent to send logs to a log group Configure the retention period on the log group to be 90 days
D. Update the launch template user data to install and configure the Amazon CloudWatch Logs agent to send logs to a log group Set the log rotation configuration of the EC2 instances to 90 days

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 160
- (Exam Topic 1)
A SysOps administrator must configure a resilient tier of Amazon EC2 instances for a high performance computing (HPC) application. The HPC application requires minimum latency between nodes
Which actions should the SysOps administrator take to meet these requirements? (Select TWO.)

A. Create an Amazon Elastic File System (Amazon EPS) file system Mount the file system to the EC2 instances by using user data
B. Create a Multi-AZ Network Load Balancer in front of the EC2 instances
C. Place the EC2 instances in an Auto Scaling group within a single subnet
D. Launch the EC2 instances into a cluster placement group
E. Launch the EC2 instances into a partition placement group

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 161
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company has launched a social media website that gives users the ability to upload images directly to a centralized Amazon S3 bucket. The website is popular in areas that are geographically distant from the AWS Region where the S3 bucket is located. Users are reporting that uploads are slow. A SysOps administrator must improve the upload speed.
What should the SysOps administrator do to meet these requirements?

A. Create S3 access points in Regions that are closer to the users.
B. Create an accelerator in AWS Global Accelerator for the S3 bucket.
C. Enable S3 Transfer Acceleration on the S3 bucket.
D. Enable cross-origin resource sharing (CORS) on the S3 bucket.

Answer: C

Explanation:
You might want to use Transfer Acceleration on a bucket for various reasons: ->Your customers upload to a centralized bucket from all over the world. ->You transfer gigabytes to terabytes of data on a regular basis across continents. ->You can't use all of your available bandwidth over the internet when uploading to Amazon S3." https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonS3/latest/userguide/transfer-acceleration.html

NEW QUESTION 163
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company uses Amazon S3 to aggregate raw video footage from various media teams across the US. The company recently expanded into new geographies in Europe and Australia. The technical teams located in Europe and Australia reported delays when uploading large video tiles into the destination S3 bucket m toe United States.
What are the MOST cost-effective ways to increase upload speeds into the S3 bucket? (Select TWO.)

A. Create multiple AWS Direct Connect connections between AWS and branch offices in Europe and Australia tor He uploads into the destination S3 bucket
B. Create multiple AWS Site-to-Site VPN connections between AWS and branch offices in Europe and Australia for file uploads into the destination S3 bucket.
C. Use Amazon S3 Transfer Acceleration for file uploads into the destination S3 bucket.
D. Use AWS Global Accelerator for file uploads into the destination S3 bucket from the branch offices in Europe and Australia.
E. Use multipart uploads for file uploads into the destination S3 bucket from the branch offices in Europe and Australia.

Answer: CE

NEW QUESTION 167
- (Exam Topic 1)
A SysOps administrator needs to configure a solution that will deliver digital content to a set of authorized
users through Amazon CloudFront. Unauthorized users must be restricted from access. Which solution will meet these requirements?

A. Store the digital content in an Amazon S3 bucket that does not have public access blocke
B. Use signed URLs to access the S3 bucket through CloudFront.
C. Store the digital content in an Amazon S3 bucket that has public access blocke
D. Use an origin access identity (OAI) to deliver the content through CloudFron
E. Restrict S3 bucket access with signed URLs in CloudFront.
F. Store the digital content in an Amazon S3 bucket that has public access blocke
G. Use an origin access identity (OAI) to deliver the content through CloudFron
H. Enable field-level encryption.
I. Store the digital content in an Amazon S3 bucket that does not have public access blocke
J. Use signed cookies for restricted delivery of the content through CloudFront.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 168
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company has a public website that recently experienced problems. Some links led to missing webpages, and other links rendered incorrect webpages. The application infrastructure was running properly, and all the provisioned resources were healthy. Application logs and dashboards did not show any errors, and no monitoring alarms were raised. Systems administrators were not aware of any problems until end users reported the issues.
The company needs to proactively monitor the website for such issues in the future and must implement a solution as soon as possible.
Which solution will meet these requirements with the LEAST operational overhead?

A. Rewrite the application to surface a custom error to the application log when issues occur.Automatically parse logs for error
B. Create an Amazon CloudWatch alarm to provide alerts when issues are detected.
C. Create an AWS Lambda function to test the websit
D. Configure the Lambda function to emit an Amazon CloudWatch custom metric when errors are detecte
E. Configure a CloudWatch alarm to provide alerts when issues are detected.
F. Create an Amazon CloudWatch Synthetics canar
G. Use the CloudWatch Synthetics Recorder plugin to generate the script for the canary ru
H. Configure the canary in line with requirement
I. Create an alarm to provide alerts when issues are detected.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 171
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company's public website is hosted in an Amazon S3 bucket in the us-east-1 Region behind an Amazon
CloudFront distribution. The company wants to ensure that the website is protected from DDoS attacks. A SysOps administrator needs to deploy a solution that gives the company the ability to maintain control over the rate limit at which DDoS protections are applied.
Which solution will meet these requirements?

A. Deploy a global-scoped AWS WAF web ACL with an allow default actio
B. Configure an AWS WAF rate-based rule to block matching traffi
C. Associate the web ACL with the CloudFront distribution.
D. Deploy an AWS WAF web ACL with an allow default action in us-east-1. Configure an AWS WAF rate-based rule to block matching traffi
E. Associate the web ACL with the S3 bucket.
F. Deploy a global-scoped AWS WAF web ACL with a block default actio
G. Configure an AWS WAF rate-based rule to allow matching traffi
H. Associate the web ACL with the CloudFront distribution.
I. Deploy an AWS WAF web ACL with a block default action in us-east-1. Configure an AWS WAF rate-based rule to allow matching traffi
J. Associate the web ACL with the S3 bucket.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 174
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company uses Amazon Route 53 to manage the public DNS records for the domain example.com. The company deploys an Amazon CloudFront distribution to deliver static assets for a new corporate website. The company wants to create a subdomain that is named "static" and must route traffic for the subdomain to the CloudFront distribution.
How should a SysOps administrator create a new record for the subdomain in Route 53?

A. Create a CNAME recor
B. Enter static.cloudfront.net as the record nam
C. Enter the CloudFront distribution's public IP address as the value.
D. Create a CNAME recor
E. Enter static.example.com as the record nam
F. Enter the CloudFront distribution's private IP address as the value.
G. Create an A recor
H. Enter static.cloudfront.net as the record nam
I. Enter the CloudFront distribution's ID as an alias target.
J. Create an A recor
K. Enter static.example.com as the record nam
L. Enter the CloudFront distribution's domain name as an alias target.

Answer: D

Explanation:
https://docs.aws.amazon.com/Route53/latest/DeveloperGuide/routing-to-cloudfront-distribution.html

NEW QUESTION 176
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company is storing media content in an Amazon S3 bucket and uses Amazon CloudFront to distribute the content to its users. Due to licensing terms, the company is not authorized to distribute the content in some countries. A SysOps administrator must restrict access to certain countries.
What is the MOST operationally efficient solution that meets these requirements?

A. Configure the S3 bucket policy to deny the GetObject operation based on the S3:LocationConstraint condition.
B. Create a secondary origin access identity (OAI). Configure the S3 bucket policy to prevent access from unauthorized countries.
C. Enable the geo restriction feature in the CloudFront distribution to prevent access from unauthorized countries.
D. Update the application to generate signed CloudFront URLs only for IP addresses in authorized countries.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 177
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company runs us Infrastructure on Amazon EC2 Instances that run In an Auto Scaling group. Recently, the company promoted faulty code to the entire EC2 fleet. This faulty code caused the Auto Scaling group to scale the instances before any of the application logs could be retrieved.
What should a SysOps administrator do to retain the application logs after instances are terminated?

A. Configure an Auto Scaling lifecycle hook to create a snapshot of the ephemeral storage upon termination of the instances.
B. Create a new Amazon Machine Image (AMI) that has the Amazon CloudWatch agent installed and configured to send logs to Amazon CloudWatch Log
C. Update the launch template to use the new AMI.
D. Create a new Amazon Machine Image (AMI) that has a custom script configured to send logs to AWS CloudTrai
E. Update the launch template to use the new AMI.
F. Install the Amazon CloudWatch agent on the Amazon Machine Image (AMI) that is defined in the launch templat
G. Configure the CloudWatch agent to back up the logs to ephemeral storage.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 180
- (Exam Topic 1)
A SysOps administrator is creating two AWS CloudFormation templates. The first template will create a VPC with associated resources, such as subnets, route tables, and an internet gateway. The second template will deploy application resources within the VPC that was created by the first template. The second template should refer to the resources created by the first template.
How can this be accomplished with the LEAST amount of administrative effort?

A. Add an export field to the outputs of the first template and import the values in the second template.
B. Create a custom resource that queries the stack created by the first template and retrieves the required values.
C. Create a mapping in the first template that is referenced by the second template.
D. Input the names of resources in the first template and refer to those names in the second template as a parameter.

Answer: A

Explanation:
https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AWSCloudFormation/latest/UserGuide/using-cfn-stack-exports.html

NEW QUESTION 183
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company's SysOps administrator needs to change the AWS Support plan for one of the company's AWS accounts. The account has multi-factor authentication (MFA) activated, and the MFA device is lost.
What should the SysOps administrator do to sign in?

A. Sign in as a root user by using email and phone verificatio
B. Set up a new MFA devic
C. Change the root user password.
D. Sign in as an 1AM user with administrator permission
E. Resynchronize the MFA token by using the 1AM console.
F. Sign in as an 1AM user with administrator permission
G. Reset the MFA device for the root user by adding a new device.
H. Use the forgot-password process to verify the email addres
I. Set up a new password and MFA device.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 184
- (Exam Topic 1)
A SysOps Administrator runs a web application that is using a microservices approach whereby different responsibilities of the application have been divided in a separate microservice running on a different Amazon EC2 instance. The administrator has been tasked with reconfiguring the infrastructure to support this approach.
How can the administrator accomplish this with the LEAST administrative overhead?

A. Use Amazon CloudFront to log the URL and forward the request.
B. Use Amazon CloudFront to rewrite the header based on the microservice and forward the request.
C. Use an Application Load Balancer (ALB) and do path-based routing.
D. Use a Network Load Balancer (NLB) and do path-based routing.

Answer: C

Explanation:
https://aws.amazon.com/premiumsupport/knowledge-center/elb-achieve-path-based-routing-alb/

NEW QUESTION 188
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company runs hundreds of Amazon EC2 instances in a single AWS Region. Each EC2 instance has two attached 1 GiB General Purpose SSD (gp2) Amazon Elastic Block Store (Amazon EBS) volumes. A critical workload is using all the available IOPS capacity on the EBS volumes.
According to company policy, the company cannot change instance types or EBS volume types without completing lengthy acceptance tests to validate that the company's applications will function properly. A SysOps administrator needs to increase the I/O performance of the EBS volumes as quickly as possible.
Which action should the SysOps administrator take to meet these requirements?

A. Increase the size of the 1 GiB EBS volumes.
B. Add two additional elastic network interfaces on each EC2 instance.

C. Turn on Transfer Acceleration on the EBS volumes in the Region.
D. Add all the EC2 instances to a cluster placement group.

Answer: A

Explanation:
Increasing the size of the 1 GiB EBS volumes will increase the IOPS capacity of the volumes, which will improve the I/O performance of the EBS volumes. This option does not require any changes to the instance types or EBS volume types, so it can be done quickly without the need for lengthy acceptance tests to validate that the company's applications will function properly.
https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AWSEC2/latest/UserGuide/requesting-ebs-volume-modifications.html

NEW QUESTION 191
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company is implementing a monitoring solution that is based on machine learning. The monitoring solution consumes Amazon EventBridge (Amazon CloudWatch Events) events that are generated by Amazon EC2 Auto Scaling. The monitoring solution provides detection of anomalous behavior such as unanticipated scaling events and is configured as an EventBridge (CloudWatch Events) API destination.
During initial testing, the company discovers that the monitoring solution is not receiving events. However, Amazon CloudWatch is showing that the EventBridge (CloudWatch Events) rule is being invoked. A SysOps administrator must implement a solution to retrieve client error details to help resolve this issue.
Which solution will meet these requirements with the LEAST operational effort?

A. Create an EventBridge (CloudWatch Events) archive for the event pattern to replay the event
B. Increase the logging on the monitoring solutio
C. Use replay to invoke the monitoring solutio
D. Examine the error details.
E. Add an Amazon Simple Queue Service (Amazon SQS) standard queue as a dead-letter queue for the targe
F. Process the messages in the dead-letter queue to retrieve error details.
G. Create a second EventBridge (CloudWatch Events) rule for the same event pattern to target an AWS Lambda functio
H. Configure the Lambda function to invoke the monitoring solution and to record the results to Amazon CloudWatch Log
I. Examine the errors in the logs.
J. Configure the EventBridge (CloudWatch Events) rule to send error messages to an Amazon Simple Notification Service (Amazon SNS) topic.

Answer: A

Explanation:
"In EventBridge, you can create an archive of events so that you can easily replay them at a later time. For example, you might want to replay events to recover from errors or to validate new functionality in your
application." https://docs.aws.amazon.com/eventbridge/latest/userguide/eb-archive.html

NEW QUESTION 192
- (Exam Topic 1)
A recent audit found that most resources belonging to the development team were in violation of patch compliance standards The resources were properly tagged Which service should be used to quickly remediate the issue and bring the resources back into compliance?

A. AWS Config
B. Amazon Inspector
C. AWS Trusted Advisor
D. AWS Systems Manager

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 195
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company has a critical serverless application that uses multiple AWS Lambda functions. Each Lambda function generates 1 GB of log data daily in tts own Amazon CloudWatch Logs log group. The company's security team asks for a count of application errors, grouped by type, across all of the log groups.
What should a SysOps administrator do to meet this requirement?

A. Perform a CloudWatch Logs Insights query that uses the stats command and count function.
B. Perform a CloudWatch Logs search that uses the groupby keyword and count function.
C. Perform an Amazon Athena query that uses the SELECT and GROUP BY keywords.
D. Perform an Amazon RDS query that uses the SELECT and GROUP BY keywords.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 196
- (Exam Topic 1)
A SysOps administrator is helping a development team deploy an application to AWS Trie AWS CloudFormat on temp ate includes an Amazon Linux EC2 Instance an Amazon Aurora DB cluster and a hard coded database password that must be rotated every 90 days
What is the MOST secure way to manage the database password?

A. Use the AWS SecretsManager Secret resource with the GenerateSecretString property to automatically generate a password Use the AWS SecretsManager RotationSchedule resource lo define a rotation schedule lor the password Configure the application to retrieve the secret from AWS Secrets Manager access the database
B. Use me AWS SecretsManager Secret resource with the SecretStrmg property Accept a password as a CloudFormation parameter Use the AllowedPatteen property of the CloudFormaton parameter to require e minimum length, uppercase and lowercase letters and special characters Configure me application to retrieve the secret from AWS Secrets Manager to access the database
C. Use the AWS SSM Parameter resource Accept input as a Qoudformatton parameter to store the parameter as a secure sting Configure the application to retrieve the parameter from AWS Systems Manager Parameter Store to access the database
D. Use the AWS SSM Parameter resource Accept input as a Cloudf ormetton parameter to store the parameter as a string Configure the application to retrieve the parameter from AWS Systems ManagerParameter Store to access the database

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 197
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company is undergoing an external audit of its systems, which run wholly on AWS. A SysOps administrator must supply documentation of Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard (PCI DSS) compliance for the infrastructure managed by AWS.
Which set of action should the SysOps administrator take to meet this requirement?

A. Download the applicable reports from the AWS Artifact portal and supply these to the auditors.
B. Download complete copies of the AWS CloudTrail log files and supply these to the auditors.
C. Download complete copies of the AWS CloudWatch logs and supply these to the auditors.
D. Provide the auditors with administrative access to the production AWS account so that the auditors can determine compliance.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 200
- (Exam Topic 1)
A SysOps administrator needs to automate the invocation of an AWS Lambda function. The Lambda function must run at the end of each day to generate a report on data that is stored in an Amazon S3 bucket.
What is the MOST operationally efficient solution that meets these requirements?

A. Create an Amazon EventBridge {Amazon CloudWatch Events) rule that has an event pattern for Amazon S3 and the Lambda function as a target.
B. Create an Amazon EventBridge (Amazon CloudWatch Events) rule that has a schedule and the Lambda function as a target.
C. Create an S3 event notification to invoke the Lambda function whenever objects change in the S3 bucket.
D. Deploy an Amazon EC2 instance with a cron job to invoke the Lambda function.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 204
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company has a web application with a database tier that consists of an Amazon EC2 instance that runs MySQL. A SysOps administrator needs to minimize potential data loss and the time that is required to recover in the event of a database failure.
What is the MOST operationally efficient solution that meets these requirements?

A. Create an Amazon CloudWatch alarm for the StatusCheckFailed_System metric to invoke an AWS Lambda function that stops and starts the EC2 instance.
B. Create an Amazon RDS for MySQL Multi-AZ DB instanc
C. Use a MySQL native backup that is stored in Amazon S3 to restore the data to the new databas
D. Update the connection string in the web application.
E. Create an Amazon RDS for MySQL Single-AZ DB instance with a read replic
F. Use a MySQL native backup that is stored in Amazon S3 to restore the data to the new databas
G. Update the connection string in the web application.
H. Use Amazon Data Lifecycle Manager (Amazon DLM) to take a snapshot of the Amazon Elastic Block Store (Amazon EBS) volume every hou
I. In the event of an EC2 instance failure, restore the EBS volume from a snapshot.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 207
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company uses AWS Cloud Formation templates to deploy cloud infrastructure. An analysis of all the company's templates shows that the company has declared the same components in multiple templates. A SysOps administrator needs to create dedicated templates that have their own parameters and conditions for these common components.
Which solution will meet this requirement?

A. Develop a CloudFormaiion change set.
B. Develop CloudFormation macros.
C. Develop CloudFormation nested stacks.
D. Develop CloudFormation stack sets.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 210
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company has a stateless application that runs on four Amazon EC2 instances. The application requires tour instances at all times to support all traffic. A SysOps administrator must design a highly available,
fault-tolerant architecture that continually supports all traffic if one Availability Zone becomes unavailable.
Which configuration meets these requirements?

A. Deploy two Auto Scaling groups in two Availability Zones with a minimum capacity of two instances in each group.
B. Deploy an Auto Scaling group across two Availability Zones with a minimum capacity of four instances.
C. Deploy an Auto Scaling group across three Availability Zones with a minimum capacity of four instances.
D. Deploy an Auto Scaling group across three Availability Zones with a minimum capacity of six instances.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 213
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company stores sensitive data in an Amazon S3 bucket. The company must log all access attempts to the S3 bucket. The company's risk team must receive

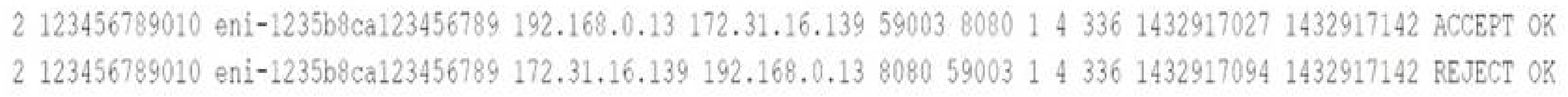
immediate notification about any delete events.
Which solution will meet these requirements?

A. Enable S3 server access logging for audit log
B. Set up an Amazon Simple Notification Service (Amazon SNSJ notification for the S3 bucke
C. Select DeleteObject tor the event type for the alert system.
D. Enable S3 server access logging for audit log
E. Launch an Amazon EC2 instance for the alert system.Run a cron job on the EC2 instance to download the access logs each day and to scan for a DeleteObject event.
F. Use Amazon CloudWatch Logs for audit log
G. Use Amazon CloudWatch alarms with an Amazon Simple Notification Service (Amazon SNS) notification for the alert system.
H. Use Amazon CloudWatch Logs for audit log
I. Launch an Amazon EC2 instance for The alert system.Run a cron job on the EC2 Instance each day to compare the list of the items with the list from the previous da
J. Configure the cron job to send a notification if an item is missing.

Answer: A

Explanation:
To meet the requirements of logging all access attempts to the S3 bucket and receiving immediate notification about any delete events, the company can enable S3 server access logging and set up an Amazon Simple Notification Service (Amazon SNS) notification for the S3 bucket. The S3 server access logs will record all access attempts to the bucket, including delete events, and the SNS notification can be configured to send an alert when a DeleteObject event occurs.

NEW QUESTION 216
- (Exam Topic 1)
Application A runs on Amazon EC2 instances behind a Network Load Balancer (NLB). The EC2 instances are in an Auto Scaling group and are in the same subnet that is associated with the NLB. Other applications from an on-premises environment cannot communicate with Application A on port 8080.
To troubleshoot the issue, a SysOps administrator analyzes the flow logs. The flow logs include the following records:



```
2 123456789010 eni-1235b8ca123456789 192.168.0.13 172.31.16.139 59003 8080 1 4 336 1432917027 1432917142 ACCEPT OK
2 123456789010 eni-1235b8ca123456789 172.31.16.139 192.168.0.13 8080 59003 1 4 336 1432917094 1432917142 REJECT OK
```

What is the reason for the rejected traffic?

A. The security group of the EC2 instances has no Allow rule for the traffic from the NLB.
B. The security group of the NLB has no Allow rule for the traffic from the on-premises environment.
C. The ACL of the on-premises environment does not allow traffic to the AWS environment.
D. The network ACL that is associated with the subnet does not allow outbound traffic for the ephemeral port range.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 221
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company is releasing a new static website hosted on Amazon S3. The static website hosting feature was enabled on the bucket and content was uploaded: however, upon navigating to the site, the following error message is received:
403 Forbidden - Access Denied
What change should be made to fix this error?

A. Add a bucket policy that grants everyone read access to the bucket.
B. Add a bucket policy that grants everyone read access to the bucket objects.
C. Remove the default bucket policy that denies read access to the bucket.
D. Configure cross-origin resource sharing (CORS) on the bucket.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 222
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company runs its entire suite of applications on Amazon EC2 instances. The company plans to move the applications to containers and AWS Fargate. Within 6 months, the company plans to retire its EC2 instances and use only Fargate. The company has been able to estimate its future Fargate costs.
A SysOps administrator needs to choose a purchasing option to help the company minimize costs. The SysOps administrator must maximize any discounts that are available and must ensure that there are no unused reservations.
Which purchasing option will meet these requirements?

A. Compute Savings Plans for 1 year with the No Upfront payment option
B. Compute Savings Plans for 1 year with the Partial Upfront payment option
C. EC2 Instance Savings Plans for 1 year with the All Upfront payment option
D. EC2 Reserved Instances for 1 year with the Partial Upfront payment option

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 225
- (Exam Topic 1)
A large company is using AWS Organizations to manage hundreds of AWS accounts across multiple AWS Regions. The company has turned on AWS Config throughout the organization.
The company requires all Amazon S3 buckets to block public read access. A SysOps administrator must generate a monthly report that shows all the S3 buckets and whether they comply with this requirement.
Which combination of steps should the SysOps administrator take to collect this data? {Select TWO).

A. Create an AWS Config aggregator in an aggregator accoun

B. Use the organization as the source.Retrieve the compliance data from the aggregator.
C. Create an AWS Config aggregator in each accoun
D. Use an S3 bucket in an aggregator account as the destinatio
E. Retrieve the compliance data from the S3 bucket
F. Edit the AWS Config policy in AWS Organization
G. Use the organization's management account to turn on the s3-bucket-public-read-prohibited rule for the entire organization.
H. Use the AWS Config compliance report from the organization's management accoun
I. Filter the results by resource, and select Amazon S3.
J. Use the AWS Config API to apply the s3-bucket-public-read-prohibited rule in all accounts for all available Regions.

Answer: CD

NEW QUESTION 227
- (Exam Topic 1)
A development team recently deployed a new version of a web application to production. After the release, penetration testing revealed a cross-site scripting vulnerability that could expose user data.
Which AWS service will mitigate this issue?

A. AWS Shield Standard
B. AWS WAF
C. Elastic Load Balancing
D. Amazon Cognito

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 232
- (Exam Topic 1)
A web application runs on Amazon EC2 instances behind an Application Load Balancer (ALB). The instances run in an Auto Scaling group across multiple Availability Zones. A SysOpe administrator notices that some of these EC2 instances show up as heathy in the Auto Scaling g-out but show up as unhealthy in the ALB target group.
What is a possible reason for this issue?

A. Security groups ate rot allowing traffic between the ALB and the failing EC2 instances
B. The Auto Seating group health check is configured for EC2 status checks
C. The EC2 instances are failing to launch and failing EC2 status checks.
D. The target group health check is configured with an incorrect port or path

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 234
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company runs a web application on three Amazon EC2 instances behind an Application Load Balancer (ALB). The company notices that random periods of increased traffic cause a degradation in the application's performance. A SysOps administrator must scale the application to meet the increased traffic. Which solution meets these requirements?

A. Create an Amazon CloudWatch alarm to monitor application latency and increase the size of each EC2 instance if the desired threshold is reached.
B. Create an Amazon EventBridge (Amazon CloudWatch Events) rule to monitor application latency and add an EC2 instance to the ALB if the desired threshold is reached.
C. Deploy the application to an Auto Scaling group of EC2 instances with a target tracking scaling policy.Attach the ALB to the Auto Scaling group.
D. Deploy the application to an Auto Scaling group of EC2 instances with a scheduled scaling policy.Attach the ALB to the Auto Scaling group.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 239
- (Exam Topic 1)
A SysOps administrator is configuring an application on Amazon EC2 instances for a company Teams in other countries will use the application over the internet. The company requires the application endpoint to have a static pubic IP address.
How should the SysOps administrator deploy the application to meet this requirement?

A. Behind an Amazon API Gateway API
B. Behind an Application Load Balancer
C. Behind an internet-facing Network Load Balancer
D. In an Amazon CloudFront distribution

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 244
- (Exam Topic 1)
A new website will run on Amazon EC2 instances behind an Application Load Balancer. Amazon Route 53 will be used to manage DNS records.
What type of record should be set in Route 53 to point the website’s apex domain name (for example.company.com to the Application Load Balancer?

A. CNAME
B. SOA
C. TXT
D. ALIAS

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 249
- (Exam Topic 1)
A SysOps administrator is trying to set up an Amazon Route 53 domain name to route traffic to a website hosted on Amazon S3. The domain name of the website is www.anycompany.com and the S3 bucket name is anycompany-static. After the record set is set up in Route 53, the domain name www.anycompany.com does not seem to work, and the static website is not displayed in the browser.
Which of the following is a cause of this?

A. The S3 bucket must be configured with Amazon CloudFront first.
B. The Route 53 record set must have an IAM role that allows access to the S3 bucket.
C. The Route 53 record set must be in the same region as the S3 bucket.
D. The S3 bucket name must match the record set name in Route 53.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 252
- (Exam Topic 1)
A Sysops administrator needs to configure automatic rotation for Amazon RDS database credentials. The credentials must rotate every 30 days. The solution must integrate with Amazon RDS.
Which solution will meet these requirements with the LEAST operational overhead?

A. Store the credentials in AWS Systems Manager Parameter Store as a secure strin
B. Configure automatic rotation with a rotation interval of 30 days.
C. Store the credentials in AWS Secrets Manage
D. Configure automatic rotation with a rotation interval of 30 days.
E. Store the credentials in a file in an Amazon S3 bucke
F. Deploy an AWS Lambda function to automatically rotate the credentials every 30 days.
G. Store the credentials in AWS Secrets Manage
H. Deploy an AWS Lambda function to automatically rotate the credentials every 30 days.

Answer: B

Explanation:
Storing the credentials in AWS Secrets Manager and configuring automatic rotation with a rotation interval of 30 days is the most efficient way to meet the requirements with the least operational overhead. AWS Secrets Manager automatically rotates the credentials at the specified interval, so there is no need for an additional AWS Lambda function or manual rotation. Additionally, Secrets Manager is integrated with Amazon RDS, so the credentials can be easily used with the RDS database.

NEW QUESTION 255
- (Exam Topic 1)
A SysOps administrator needs to track the costs of data transfer between AWS Regions. The SysOps administrator must implement a solution to send alerts to an email distribution list when transfer costs reach 75% of a specific threshold.
What should the SysOps administrator do to meet these requirements?

A. Create an AWS Cost and Usage Repor
B. Analyze the results in Amazon Athen
C. Configure an alarm to publish a message to an Amazon Simple Notification Service (Amazon SNS) topic when costs reach 75% of the threshol
D. Subscribe the email distribution list to the topic.
E. Create an Amazon CloudWatch billing alarm to detect when costs reach 75% of the threshold.Configure the alarm to publish a message to an Amazon Simple Notification Service (Amazon SNS) topi
F. Subscribe the email distribution list to the topic.
G. Use AWS Budgets to create a cost budget for data transfer cost
H. Set an alert at 75% of the budgeted amoun
I. Configure the budget to send a notification to the email distribution list when costs reach 75% of the threshold.
J. Set up a VPC flow lo
K. Set up a subscription filter to an AWS Lambda function to analyze data transfer.Configure the Lambda function to send a notification to the email distribution list when costs reach 75% of the threshold.

Answer: B

Explanation:
The reason is that it uses the Amazon CloudWatch billing alarm which is a built-in service specifically designed to monitor and alert on cost usage of your AWS account, which makes it a more suitable solution for this use case. The alarm can be configured to detect when costs reach 75% of the threshold and when it is triggered, it can publish a message to an Amazon Simple Notification Service (Amazon SNS) topic. The email distribution list can be subscribed to the topic, so that they will receive the alerts when costs reach 75% of the threshold.
AWS Budgets allows you to track and manage your costs, but it doesn't specifically focus on data transfer costs between regions, and it might not provide as much granularity as CloudWatch Alarms.

NEW QUESTION 259
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company's customers are reporting increased latency while accessing static web content from Amazon S3 A SysOps administrator observed a very high rate of read operations on a particular S3 bucket
What will minimize latency by reducing load on the S3 bucket?

A. Migrate the S3 bucket to a region that is closer to end users' geographic locations
B. Use cross-region replication to replicate all of the data to another region
C. Create an Amazon CloudFront distribution with the S3 bucket as the origin.
D. Use Amazon ElastiCache to cache data being served from Amazon S3

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 261
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company's SysOps administrator deploys four new Amazon EC2 instances by using the standard Amazon Linux 2 Amazon Machine Image (AMI). The company needs to be able to use AWS Systems Manager to manage the instances The SysOps administrator notices that the instances do not appear in the Systems Manager console
What must the SysOps administrator do to resolve this issue?

A. Connect to each instance by using SSH Install Systems Manager Agent on each instance Configure Systems Manager Agent to start automatically when the instances start up
B. Use AWS Certificate Manager (ACM) to create a TLS certificate Import the certificate into each instance Configure Systems Manager Agent to use the TLS certificate for secure communications
C. Connect to each instance by using SSH Create an ssm-user account Add the ssm-user account to the/etcsudoers d directory
D. Attach an IAM instance profile to the instances Ensure that the instance profile contains the AmazonSSMManagedinstanceCore policy

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 265
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company is expanding globally and needs to back up data on Amazon Elastic Block Store (Amazon EBS) volumes to a different AWS Region. Most of the EBS volumes that store the data are encrypted, but some of the EBS volumes are unencrypted. The company needs the backup data from all the EBS volumes to be encrypted.
Which solution will meet these requirements with the LEAST management overhead?

A. Configure a lifecycle policy in Amazon Data Lifecycle Manager (Amazon DLM) to create the EBS volume snapshots with cross-Region backups enable
B. Encrypt the snapshot copies by using AWS Key Management Service (AWS KMS).
C. Create a point-in-time snapshot of the EBS volume
D. When the snapshot status is COMPLETED, copy the snapshots to another Region and set the Encrypted parameter to False.
E. Create a point-in-time snapshot of the EBS volume
F. Copy the snapshots to an Amazon S3 bucket that uses server-side encryptio
G. Turn on S3 Cross-Region Replication on the S3 bucket.
H. Schedule an AWS Lambda function with the Python runtim
I. Configure the Lambda function to create the EBS volume snapshots, encrypt the unencrypted snapshots, and copy the snapshots to another Region.

Answer: A

Explanation:
Encrypt the snapshot copies by using AWS Key Management Service (AWS KMS). This solution will allow
the company to automatically create encrypted snapshots of the EBS volumes and copy them to different AWS Regions with minimal effort.

NEW QUESTION 268
- (Exam Topic 1)
A SysOps administrator configures an Amazon S3 gateway endpoint in a VPC. The private subnets inside the VPC do not nave outbound internet access. A user logs in to an Amazon EC2 instance in one of the private subnets and cannot upload a file to an Amazon S3 bucket in the same AWS Region
Which solution will solve this problem?

A. Update the EC2 instance role policy to allow s3:PutObjed access to the target S3 bucket.
B. Update the EC2 security group to allow outbound traffic to 0.0.0.070 for port 80.
C. Update the EC2 subnet route table to include the S3 prefix list destination routes to the S3 gateway endpoint.
D. Update the S3 bucket policy to allow s3 PurObject access from the private subnet CIDR block.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 273
- (Exam Topic 1)
A SysOps administrator must ensure that a company's Amazon EC2 instances auto scale as expected The SysOps administrator configures an Amazon EC2 Auto Scaling Lifecycle hook to send an event to Amazon EventBridge (Amazon CloudWatch Events), which then invokes an AWS Lambda function to configure the EC2 distances When the configuration is complete, the Lambda function calls the complete Lifecycle-action event to put the EC2 instances into service. In testing, the SysOps administrator discovers that the Lambda function is not invoked when the EC2 instances auto scale.
What should the SysOps administrator do to reserve this issue?

A. Add a permission to the Lambda function so that it can be invoked by the EventBridge (CloudWatch Events) rule.
B. Change the lifecycle hook action to CONTINUE if the lifecycle hook experiences a fa* we or timeout.
C. Configure a retry policy in the EventBridge (CloudWatch Events) rule to retry the Lambda function invocation upon failure.
D. Update the Lambda function execution role so that it has permission to call the complete lifecycle-action event

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 276
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company needs to create a daily Amazon Machine Image (AMI) of an existing Amazon Linux EC2 instance that hosts the operating system, application, and database on multiple attached Amazon Elastic Block Store (Amazon EBS) volumes. File system integrity must be maintained.
Which solution will meet these requirements?

A. Create an AWS Lambda function to call the CreateImage API operation with the EC2 instance ID and the no-reboot parameter enable
B. Create a daily scheduled Amazon EventBridge (Amazon CloudWatch Events) rule that invokes the function.
C. Create an AWS Lambda function to call the CreateImage API operation with the EC2 instance ID and the reboot parameter enable
D. Create a daily scheduled Amazon EventBridge (Amazon CloudWatch Events) rule that invokes the function.
E. Use AWS Backup to create a backup plan with a backup rule that runs dail
F. Assign the resource ID of the EC2 instance with the no-reboot parameter enabled.

G. Use AWS Backup to create a backup plan with a backup rule that runs dail
H. Assign the resource ID of the EC2 instance with the reboot parameter enabled.

Answer: B

Explanation:
https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AWSEC2/latest/WindowsGuide/Creating_EBSbacked_WinAMI.html "NoReboot By default, Amazon EC2 attempts to shut down and reboot the instance before creating the image.
If the No Reboot option is set, Amazon EC2 doesn't shut down the instance before creating the image. When this option is used, file system integrity on the created image can't be guaranteed." Besides, we can use AWS EventBridge to invoke Lambda function
https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AWSEC2/latest/APIReference/API_CreateImage.html

NEW QUESTION 278
- (Exam Topic 1)
A Sysops administrator creates an Amazon Elastic Kubernetes Service (Amazon EKS) cluster that uses AWS Fargate. The cluster is deployed successfully. The Sysops administrator needs to manage the cluster by using the kubect1 command line tool.
Which of the following must be configured on the Sysops administrator's machine so that kubect1 can communicate with the cluster API server?

A. The kubeconfig file
B. The kube-proxy Amazon EKS add-on
C. The Fargate profile
D. The eks-connector.yaml file

Answer: A

Explanation:
The kubeconfig file is a configuration file used to store cluster authentication information, which is required to make requests to the Amazon EKS cluster API server. The kubeconfig file will need to be configured on the SysOps administrator's machine in order for kubectl to be able to communicate with the cluster API server.
https://aws.amazon.com/blogs/developer/running-a-kubernetes-job-in-amazon-eks-on-aws-fargate-using-aws-ste

NEW QUESTION 279
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company needs to automatically monitor an AWS account for potential unauthorized AWS Management Console logins from multiple geographic locations.
Which solution will meet this requirement?

A. Configure Amazon Cognito to detect any compromised 1AM credentials.
B. Set up Amazon Inspecto
C. Scan and monitor resources for unauthorized logins.
D. Set up AWS Confi
E. Add the iam-policy-blacklisted-check managed rule to the account.
F. Configure Amazon GuardDuty to monitor the UnauthorizedAccess:IAMUser/ConsoleLoginSuccess finding.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 282
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company is planning to host its stateful web-based applications on AWS A SysOps administrator is using an Auto Scaling group of Amazon EC2 instances The web applications will run 24 hours a day 7 days a week throughout the year The company must be able to change the instance type within the same instance family later in the year based on the traffic and usage patterns
Which EC2 instance purchasing option will meet these requirements MOST cost-effectively?

A. Convertible Reserved Instances
B. On-Demand instances
C. Spot instances
D. Standard Reserved instances

Answer: A

Explanation:
https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AWSEC2/latest/UserGuide/ri-convertible-exchange.html

NEW QUESTION 287
- (Exam Topic 1)
A SysOps administrator has an AWS CloudFormation template of the company's existing infrastructure in us-west-2. The administrator attempts to use the template to launch a new stack in eu-west-1, but the stack only partially deploys, receives an error message, and then rolls back.
Why would this template fail to deploy? (Select TWO.)

A. The template referenced an IAM user that is not available in eu-west-1.
B. The template referenced an Amazon Machine Image (AMI) that is not available in eu-west-1.
C. The template did not have the proper level of permissions to deploy the resources.
D. The template requested services that do not exist in eu-west-1.
E. CloudFormation templates can be used only to update existing services.

Answer: BD

NEW QUESTION 292
- (Exam Topic 1)

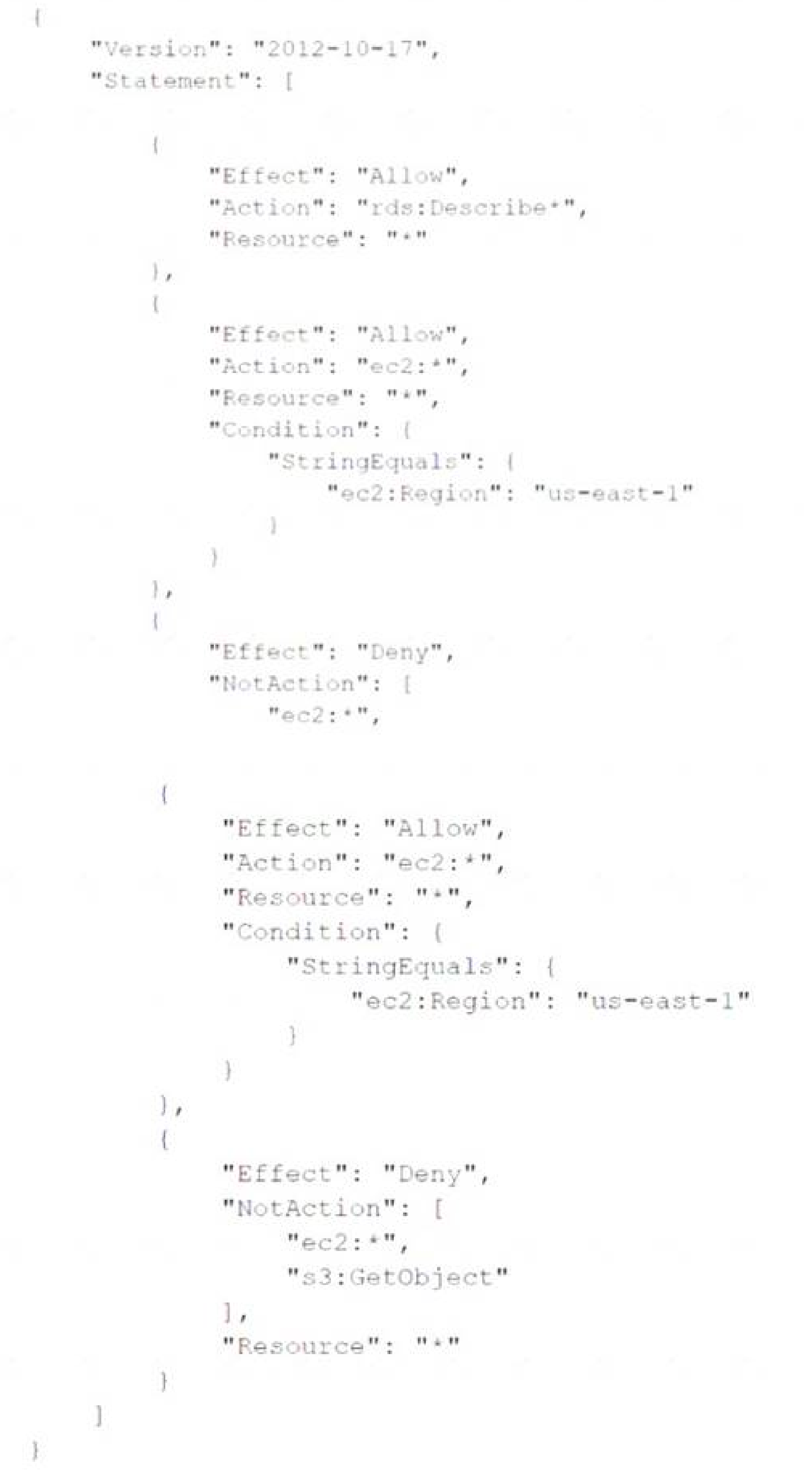
A company uses an Amazon Simple Queue Service (Amazon SQS) standard queue with its application. The application sends messages to the queue with unique message bodies The company decides to switch to an SQS FIFO queue
What must the company do to migrate to an SQS FIFO queue?

A. Create a new SQS FIFO gueue Turn on content based deduplication on the new FIFO queue Update the application to include a message group ID in the messages
B. Create a new SQS FIFO queue Update the application to include the DelaySeconds parameter in the messages
C. Modify the queue type from SQS standard to SQS FIFO Turn off content-based deduplication on the queue Update the application to include a message group ID in the messages
D. Modify the queue type from SQS standard to SQS FIFO Update the application to send messages with identical message bodies and to include the DelaySeconds parameter in the messages

Answer: A

Explanation:
FIFO queues don't support per-message delays, only per-queue delays. If your application sets the same value of the DelaySeconds parameter on each message, you must modify your application to remove the
per-message delay and set DelaySeconds on the entire queue instead.
https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AWSSimpleQueueService/latest/SQSDeveloperGuide/FIFO-queues-moving.html

NEW QUESTION 294
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company has attached the following policy to an IAM user:



```
{
    "Version": "2012-10-17",
    "Statement": [

        {
            "Effect": "Allow",
            "Action": "rds:Describe*",
            "Resource": "*"
        },
        {
            "Effect": "Allow",
            "Action": "ec2:*",
            "Resource": "*",
            "Condition": {
                "StringEquals": {
                    "ec2:Region": "us-east-1"
                }
            }
        },
        {
            "Effect": "Deny",
            "NotAction": [
                "ec2:*",


        {
            "Effect": "Allow",
            "Action": "ec2:*",
            "Resource": "*",
            "Condition": {
                "StringEquals": {
                    "ec2:Region": "us-east-1"
                }
            }
        },
        {
            "Effect": "Deny",
            "NotAction": [
                "ec2:*",
                "s3:GetObject"
            ],
            "Resource": "*"
        }
    ]
}
```

Which of the following actions are allowed for the IAM user?

A. Amazon RDS DescribeDBInstances action in the us-east-1 Region
B. Amazon S3 Putobject operation in a bucket named testbucket
C. Amazon EC2 Describe Instances action in the us-east-1 Region
D. Amazon EC2 AttachNetworkinterf ace action in the eu-west-1 Region

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 295
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company plans to migrate several of its high performance computing (MPC) virtual machines (VMs) to Amazon EC2 instances on AWS. A SysOps administrator must identify a placement group for this deployment. The strategy must minimize network latency and must maximize network throughput between the HPC VMs.
Which strategy should the SysOps administrator choose to meet these requirements?

A. Deploy the instances in a cluster placement group in one Availability Zone.
B. Deploy the instances in a partition placement group in two Availability Zones
C. Deploy the instances in a partition placement group in one Availability Zone
D. Deploy the instances in a spread placement group in two Availably Zones

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 299
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company updates its security policy to clarify cloud hosting arrangements for regulated workloads. Workloads that are identified as sensitive must run on hardware that is not shared with other customers or with other AWS accounts within the company.
Which solution will ensure compliance with this policy?

A. Deploy workloads only to Dedicated Hosts.
B. Deploy workloads only to Dedicated Instances.
C. Deploy workloads only to Reserved Instances.
D. Place all instances in a dedicated placement group.

Answer: A

Explanation:
Dedicated Hosts are physical servers that are dedicated to a single customer, ensuring that the customer’s workloads are not shared with other customers or with other AWS accounts within the company. This will ensure that the company’s security policy is followed and that sensitive workloads are running on hardware that is not shared with other customers or with other AWS accounts within the company.

NEW QUESTION 304
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company hosts its website in the us-east-1 Region. The company is preparing to deploy its website into the eu-central-1 Region. Website visitors who are located in Europe should access the website that is hosted in eu-central-1. All other visitors access the website that is hosted in us-east-1. The company uses Amazon Route 53 to manage the website's DNS records.
Which routing policy should a SysOps administrator apply to the Route 53 record set to meet these requirements?

A. Geolocation routing policy
B. Geoproximity routing policy
C. Latency routing policy
D. Multivalue answer routing policy

Answer: A

Explanation:
geolocation "Geolocation routing lets you choose the resources that serve your traffic based on the geographic location of your users, meaning the location that DNS queries originate from. For example, you might want all queries from Europe to be routed to an ELB load balancer in the Frankfurt region."
Could be confused with geoproximity - "Geoproximity routing lets Amazon Route 53 route traffic to your resources based on the geographic location of your users and your resources. You can also optionally choose to route more traffic or less to a given resource by specifying a value, known as a bias. A bias expands or shrinks the size of the geographic region from which traffic is routed to a resource" the use case is not needed as per question.
https://docs.aws.amazon.com/Route53/latest/DeveloperGuide/routing-policy.html

NEW QUESTION 307
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company runs an application on Amazon EC2 instances. The EC2 instances are in an Auto Scaling group and run behind an Application Load Balancer (ALB). The application experiences errors when total requests exceed 100 requests per second. A SysOps administrator must collect information about total requests for a 2-week period to determine when requests exceeded this threshold.
What should the SysOps administrator do to collect this data?

A. Use the ALB’s RequestCount metri
B. Configure a time range of 2 weeks and a period of 1 minute.Examine the chart to determine peak traffic times and volumes.
C. Use Amazon CloudWatch metric math to generate a sum of request counts for all the EC2 instances over a 2-week perio
D. Sort by a 1-minute interval.
E. Create Amazon CloudWatch custom metrics on the EC2 launch configuration templates to create aggregated request metrics across all the EC2 instances.
F. Create an Amazon EventBridge (Amazon CloudWatch Events) rul
G. Configure an EC2 event matching pattern that creates a metric that is based on EC2 request
H. Display the data in a graph.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Using the ALB’s RequestCount metric will allow the SysOps administrator to collect information about total requests for a 2-week period and determine when requests exceeded the threshold of 100 requests per second. Configuring a time range of 2 weeks and a period of 1 minute will ensure that the data can be accurately examined to determine peak traffic times and volumes.

NEW QUESTION 312
- (Exam Topic 1)
With the threat of ransomware viruses encrypting and holding company data hostage, which action should be taken to protect an Amazon S3 bucket?

A. Deny Pos
B. Pu
C. and Delete on the bucket.
D. Enable server-side encryption on the bucket.
E. Enable Amazon S3 versioning on the bucket.
F. Enable snapshots on the bucket.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 314
- (Exam Topic 1)
A SysOps administrator creates two VPCs, VPC1 and VPC2, in a company’s AWS account The SysOps administrator deploys a Linux Amazon EC2 instance in VPC1 and deploys an Amazon RDS for MySQL DB instance in VPC2. The DB instance is deployed in a private subnet. An application that runs on the EC2 instance needs to connect to the database.
What should the SysOps administrator do to give the EC2 instance the ability to connect to the database?

A. Enter the DB instance connection string into the VPC1 route table.
B. Configure VPC peering between the two VPCs.
C. Add the same IPv4 CIDR range for both VPCs.
D. Connect to the DB instance by using the DB instance’s public IP address.

Answer: B

Explanation:
VPC peering allows two VPCs to communicate with each other securely. By configuring VPC peering between the two VPCs, the SysOps administrator will be able to give the EC2 instance in VPC1 the ability to connect to the database in VPC2. Once the VPC peering is configured, the EC2 instance will be able to communicate with the database using the private IP address of the DB instance in the private subnet.

NEW QUESTION 317
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company wants to be alerted through email when IAM CreateUser API calls are made within its AWS account.
Which combination of actions should a SysOps administrator take to meet this requirement? (Choose two.)

A. Create an Amazon EventBridge (Amazon CloudWatch Events) rule with AWS CloudTrail as the event source and IAM CreateUser as the specific API call for the event pattern.
B. Create an Amazon EventBridge (Amazon CloudWatch Events) rule with Amazon CloudSearch as the event source and IAM CreateUser as the specific API call for the event pattern.
C. Create an Amazon EventBridge (Amazon CloudWatch Events) rule with AWS IAM Access Analyzer as the event source and IAM CreateUser as the specific API call for the event pattern.
D. Use an Amazon Simple Notification Service (Amazon SNS) topic as an event target with an email subscription.
E. Use an Amazon Simple Email Service (Amazon SES) notification as an event target with an email subscription.

Answer: AD

Explanation:
https://aws.amazon.com/blogs/security/how-to-receive-alerts-when-your-iam-configuration-changes/

NEW QUESTION 319
- (Exam Topic 1)
A SysOps administrator created an AWS Cloud Formation template that provisions Amazon EC2 instances, an Elastic Load Balancer (ELB), and an Amazon RDS DB instance. During stack creation, the creation of the EC2 instances and the creation of the ELB are successful. However, the creation of the DB instance fails.
What is the default behavior of CloudFormation in this scenario?

A. CloudFormation will roll back the stack and delete the stack.
B. CloudFormation will roll back the stack but will not delete the stack.
C. CloudFormation will prompt the user to roll back the stack or continue.
D. CloudFormation will successfully complete the stack but will report a failed status for the DB instance.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 324
- (Exam Topic 1)
A SysOps administrator is responsible for a company's security groups. The company wants to maintain a documented trail of any changes that are made to the security groups. The SysOps administrator must receive notification whenever the security groups change.
Which solution will meet these requirements?

A. Set up Amazon Detective to record security group change
B. Specify an Amazon CloudWatch Logs log group to store configuration history log
C. Create an Amazon Simple Queue Service (Amazon SOS) queue for notifications about configuration change
D. Subscribe the SysOps administrator's email address to the SQS queue.

E. Set up AWS Systems Manager Change Manager to record security group change
F. Specify an Amazon CloudWatch Logs log group to store configuration history log
G. Create an Amazon Simple Notification Service (Amazon SNS) topic for notifications about configuration change
H. Subscribe the SysOps administrator's email address to the SNS topic.
I. Set up AWS Config to record security group change
J. Specify an Amazon S3 bucket as the location for configuration snapshots and history file
K. Create an Amazon Simple Notification Service (Amazon SNS) topic for notifications about configuration change
L. Subscribe the SysOps administrator's email address to the SNS topic.
M. Set up Amazon Detective to record security group change
N. Specify an Amazon S3 bucket as the location for configuration snapshots and history file
O. Create an Amazon Simple Notification Service (Amazon SNS) topic for notifications about configuration change
P. Subscribe the SysOps administrator's email address to the SNS topic.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 327
- (Exam Topic 1)
A company has a stateful web application that is hosted on Amazon EC2 instances in an Auto Scaling group. The instances run behind an Application Load Balancer (ALB) that has a single target group. The ALB is configured as the origin in an Amazon CloudFront distribution. Users are reporting random logouts from the web application.
Which combination of actions should a SysOps administrator take to resolve this problem? (Select TWO.)

A. Change to the least outstanding requests algorithm on the ALB target group.
B. Configure cookie forwarding in the CloudFront distribution cache behavior.
C. Configure header forwarding in the CloudFront distribution cache behavior.
D. Enable group-level stickiness on the ALB listener rule.
E. Enable sticky sessions on the ALB target group.

Answer: BE

Explanation:
https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonCloudFront/latest/DeveloperGuide/Cookies.html
You can configure each cache behavior to do one of the following: Forward all cookies to your origin – CloudFront includes all cookies sent by the viewer when it forwards requests to the origin. https://docs.aws.amazon.com/elasticloadbalancing/latest/application/sticky-sessions.html
By default, an Application Load Balancer routes each request independently to a registered target based on the chosen load-balancing algorithm.

NEW QUESTION 328
- (Exam Topic 1)
A manufacturing company uses an Amazon RDS DB instance to store inventory of all stock items. The company maintains several AWS Lambda functions that interact with the database to add, update, and delete items. The Lambda functions use hardcoded credentials to connect to the database.
A SysOps administrator must ensure that the database credentials are never stored in plaintext and that the password is rotated every 30 days.
Which solution will meet these requirements in the MOST operationally efficient manner?

A. Store the database password as an environment variable for each Lambda functio
B. Create a new Lambda function that is named PasswordRotat
C. Use Amazon EventBridge (Amazon CloudWatch Events) to schedule the PasswordRotate function every 30 days to change the database password and update the environment variable for each Lambda function.
D. Use AWS Key Management Service (AWS KMS) to encrypt the database password and to store the encrypted password as an environment variable for each Lambda functio
E. Grant each Lambda function access to the KMS key so that the database password can be decrypted when require
F. Create a new Lambda function that is named PasswordRotate to change the password every 30 days.
G. Use AWS Secrets Manager to store credentials for the databas
H. Create a Secrets Manager secret, and select the database so that Secrets Manager will use a Lambda function to update the database password automaticall
I. Specify an automatic rotation schedule of 30 day
J. Update each Lambda function to access the database password from SecretsManager.
K. Use AWS Systems Manager Parameter Store to create a secure string to store credentials for the databas
L. Create a new Lambda function called PasswordRotat
M. Use Amazon EventBridge (Amazon CloudWatch Events) to schedule the PasswordRotate function every 30 days to change the database password and to update the secret within Parameter Stor
N. Update each Lambda function to access the database password from Parameter Store.

Answer: C

Explanation:
When you choose to enable rotation, Secrets Manager supports the following Amazon Relational Database Service (Amazon RDS) databases with AWS written and tested Lambda rotation function templates, and full configuration of the rotation process:
Amazon Aurora on Amazon RDS MySQL on Amazon RDS PostgreSQL on Amazon RDS Oracle on Amazon RDS MariaDB on Amazon RDS
Microsoft SQL Server on Amazon RDS https://docs.aws.amazon.com/secretsmanager/latest/userguide/intro.html

NEW QUESTION 330
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