



**IIBA**

## **Exam Questions CBAP**

Cetified business analysis professional (CBAP) appliaction

#### NEW QUESTION 1

- (Topic 1)

What plan includes the description of the scope of work, the deliverable Work Breakdown Structure, the activity list, and estimates for the business analysis activities?

- A. Project management plan
- B. Implementation plan
- C. Requirements management plan
- D. Business analysis plan

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 2

- (Topic 1)

What is the term used to describe the cost of the solution after the solution has been implemented in production by a vendor?

- A. Total ownership costing
- B. Lifecycle maintenance fees
- C. Sustainability fees
- D. Total cost of ownership

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 3

- (Topic 1)

Your organization is using a plan-driven approach to business analysis. What characteristic must be true of changes in the approach that your organization is using?

- A. All the changes only occur if they are less than an agreed factor, such as ten percent of the solution's overall cost or a percentage of the project's schedule
- B. All the changes only occur if they are less than ten percent of the solution's overall cost
- C. All the changes only occur if they are genuinely necessary
- D. Changes are generally not permitted in the plan-driven approach to business analysis

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 4

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and you are completing the manage requirements traceability process. You are tracking the requirements to determine how the requirements are interrelated with one another and with the actual delivery of the project scope.

There are actually three reasons why the business analyst should trace requirements. Which one of the following is not one of the three reasons why trace requirements is useful?

- A. Impact analysis
- B. Requirements coverage
- C. Requirements allocation
- D. Quality control

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 5

- (Topic 1)

The business analysis approach generally defines all of the following attributes except for which one?

- A. Deliverables
- B. Requirements for solutions acceptance
- C. Analysis technique
- D. Team roles

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 6

- (Topic 1)

What plan will describe the stakeholder groups, communication needs, and the level of formality that is appropriate for the requirements?

- A. Requirements management plan
- B. Project management plan
- C. Scope management plan
- D. Business analysis communication plan

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 7

- (Topic 1)

Paul is the business analyst for his organization. He is examining a single solution to determine if the solution he and his team have identified carries enough business value to justify its implementation. What business analysis process is Paul performing in this scenario?

- A. Define transition requirements
- B. Assess proposed solution
- C. Assess organizational readiness
- D. Allocate requirements

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 8

- (Topic 1)

The business analysis approach generally defines all of the following attributes except for which one?

- A. Deliverables
- B. Analysis technique
- C. Team roles
- D. Requirements for solutions acceptance

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 9

- (Topic 1)

Which one of the following business analysis planning and monitoring techniques can be used to define and document the business analysis approach?

- A. Process modeling
- B. Structured walkthrough
- C. Decision analysis
- D. Control charts

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 10

- (Topic 1)

Enterprise analysis creates just five outputs. Which one of the following is an output of the enterprise analysis tasks?

- A. Assumptions and constraints
- B. Stakeholder concerns
- C. Solution performance assessment
- D. Solution approach

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 10

- (Topic 1)

Ben is the business analyst for his organization. Ben is currently working on a solution to improve a laser printer. He has taken the laser printer apart, identified each component, and documented each component's purpose. What type of requirements organization is Ben doing in this scenario?

- A. Process modeling
- B. Data modeling
- C. Functional decomposition
- D. Scope modeling

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 14

- (Topic 1)

What business analysis element tries to identify as many potential options as possible to meet the business objectives and fill identified gaps in capabilities?

- A. Ranking of approaches
- B. Decision analysis
- C. Documentation of assumptions and constraints
- D. Alternative generation

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 18

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization. You are currently identifying opportunities for a customer to improve their business processes. The customer wants to streamline their business efforts either through new technologies, better processes, or a combination of both. The customer demands, however, that the solution should not cost more than \$300,000 to implement and support for one year. What does the \$300,000 represent? A. Solution cost

- A. Budget
- B. Requirements
- C. Constraint

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 22

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are working with Virginia on the allocation of requirements for a new solution. You have assigned Virginia the task of breaking down the solution scope into smaller components for allocation. What technique have you asked Virginia to complete in this scenario?

- A. Decision analysis
- B. Business rules analysis
- C. Process modeling
- D. Functional decomposition

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 27

- (Topic 1)

You are creating a model for your requirements. Which model type categorizes and describes the people who directly interact with a solution?

- A. Rules
- B. User classes, profiles, or roles
- C. Concepts and relationships
- D. Events

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 32

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization. On your current project you'll be using the change-driven approach for defining requirements and gathering feedback. Which of the following statements best describes the change-driven approach?

- A. The change-driven approach favors defining requirements through experimentation
- B. The change-driven approach does not define the requirements until after a solution for the problem has been identified
- C. The change-driven approach favors defining requirements standardized template
- D. The change-driven approach favors defining requirements through team interaction

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 35

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and you are completing the verify requirements process. There are eight characteristics each requirements should have: cohesive, complete, consistent, correct, and feasible. Which one of the following four is not a characteristic of a requirement?

- A. Functional
- B. Modifiable
- C. Unambiguous
- D. Testable

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 36

- (Topic 1)

Sally is the business analyst for her organization. Sally and her business analysis team is currently using a business analysis approach to determine what the competition of her organization is offering prospective clients. She is trying to identify solutions to increase revenue by remaining competitive with the competition. What business analysis approach is Sally and her business analysis team using?

- A. Business rules analysis
- B. Functional decomposition
- C. Focus groups
- D. Benchmarking

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 38

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization. You are preparing the business needs documentation for a new solution to an identified problem. Parts of your input for this process are the business goals and objectives set by your organization. What approach can you use to assess the business goal and their validity and longevity?

- A. Functional decomposition
- B. POLDAT
- C. SMART
- D. Root cause analysis

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 43

- (Topic 1)

When can changes to requirements occur in a business analysis planning and monitoring assignment?

- A. Change to requirements can occur any time before the project scope statement is created

- B. Changes to requirements can occur at any time
- C. Changes to requirements can occur any time after the project's change control system has been enacted
- D. Change to requirements can occur at any time before the key stakeholders approve the identified requirement

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 45

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization. A customer has approached your organization and is requesting that your company create new software for them that will help them collect customer information. In regard to enterprise analysis this business need stems from which one of the following need generation approaches?

- A. Bottom-up
- B. External drivers
- C. Middle management
- D. Top-down

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 50

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization. Management has asked that you create a method to store the project requirements including those under development, under review, and the requirements which have been approved. What is management asking you to create?

- A. A change management system
- B. A repository
- C. A project scope statement
- D. A requirements register

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 55

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are working with Jennifer to conduct stakeholder analysis. You would like to create a RACI chart to help with the roles of the people involved in the stakeholder analysis process. Jennifer is not familiar with this chart and asks what does RACI mean. Which one of the following best describes the RACI chart in the conduct stakeholder analysis process?

- A. It's a matrix that uses the Responsible, Accountable, Consult, and Inform tasks as part of the stakeholder analysis process
- B. It's a role and responsibility chart that identifies when stakeholders are needed in the business analyst duties
- C. It's a matrix that uses Role, Action, Consult, and Inform as part of the conduct stakeholder analysis process
- D. It's a rule that the business analyst can use to identify all of the needed stakeholders: roles, actions, communications, and interests

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 59

- (Topic 1)

Holly's organization uses a plan-driven approach to business analysis. When it comes to communication in Holly's organization what type of communication will likely be required?

- A. Face-to-face
- B. Chain of command
- C. Formal
- D. Ad hoc

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 62

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are to conduct stakeholder analysis. Which of the following statements best describes the conduct stakeholder analysis task?

- A. This task identifies organizations and lines of business that may be affected by a proposed initiative or who share a common business need
- B. This task identifies stakeholders who may be affected by a proposed initiative or who share a common business need
- C. This task identifies the organizations that are likely affected by a problem that a project must solve
- D. This task identifies the people who may be affected by a proposed initiative or who share a common business need

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 65

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for the NGQ Company. Management is concerned that their company is not able to meet an identified business need with their current existing structure, people, processes and technology. They've asked you to complete an analysis of their organization's ability to meet the identified business need. What business analysis process are you completing for your organization?

- A. Determining the solution approach
- B. Assessing the capability gaps
- C. Requirements elicitation

D. Verifying the requirements

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 70

- (Topic 1)

Some of the requirements in the solution must be completed because of laws and regulations in your industry. Management would like you, the business analyst, to rank the requirements according to the relevant laws. What type of requirements prioritization is management having you complete?

- A. Regulatory ranking
- B. Business value ranking
- C. Constraint ranking
- D. Risk ranking

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 73

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization. Gary and Janet, two key stakeholders in the project, are in disagreement over a requirement for the type of software to be installed on the server your solution calls for. What must happen in this instance before formal approval can be offered?

- A. The conflict will need to be resolved through research, resolution, or through a third-party mediation.
- B. Gary and Janet will need to determine who has seniority in the company to determine which requirement takes precedence.
- C. The conflict will need to be removed from the solution scope until Gary and Janet come to a solution.
- D. The business analyst will need to make a decision on which requirement is most appropriate.

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 74

- (Topic 1)

Paul is the business analyst for his organization. He is examining a single solution to determine if the solution he and his team have identified carries enough business value to justify its implementation. What business analysis process is Paul performing in this scenario?

- A. Assess organizational readiness
- B. Define transition requirements
- C. Allocate requirements
- D. Assess proposed solution

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 75

- (Topic 1)

Which one of the following is an example of a non-negotiable demand by a stakeholder during the requirements prioritization session?

- A. All requirements are ranked as high
- B. Communication
- C. All requirements are prioritized by cost-benefits ratio
- D. Cost

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 79

- (Topic 1)

What element of the plan business analysis process affects the business analysis duties that need to be performed?

- A. The experience of the business analyst
- B. The experience of the project manager
- C. The expected completion date of the business analysis duties
- D. The type of project or initiative

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 81

- (Topic 1)

You and Tom are writing the solution scope for a new project in your organization. You need to create a method to define what solution will and will not provide for the organization. What technique can you and Tom use to establish appropriate boundaries for the solution?

- A. Interviews with the key stakeholders
- B. User stories
- C. Functional decomposition
- D. Scope modeling

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 85



- (Topic 1)

Your organization completes software development for other companies as its core business.

Management would like to streamline the requirements gathering processes as many of the projects your company do are similar in nature. What approach could you as a business analyst do to help streamline the requirements gathering process for your organization?

- A. Implement a requirements re-use repository
- B. Implement project template
- C. Implement a requirements gathering form
- D. Implement scope solution models

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 89

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization. Management realizes that a proposed solution has risks that may cause the entire project to fail. They would like you to prioritize the requirements with maximum risks first so that if the project fails, there is little loss of capital in the project implementation. What requirements prioritization approach is management asking you to create in this instance?

- A. Implementation difficulty
- B. Business or technical risk
- C. Likelihood of success
- D. Relationship to other requirements

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 91

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for the TGH Organization and are determining if you should buy or build a solution for your company. You have determined that you can create the in-house solution for \$78,000 with a monthly support cost of \$8,765. A vendor can create the solution for \$61,000 with a monthly support costs of \$7,990. How long will it take your company to break even if you choose the internal solution versus the vendor's solution?

- A. 36 months
- B. 12 months
- C. 6 months
- D. 22 months

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 95

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization. Management has asked that you create a model of the requirements so the stakeholders can better understand the requirements and the project as a whole. Which of the following statements best describes a model?

- A. Models are slices of the project solution
- B. Models simplify the requirements for common stakeholder
- C. Models are statistics for the return on investment, time saved, and other mathematic
- D. Models abstract and simplify reality

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 97

- (Topic 1)

What part of defining the business needs process will evaluate the ends that the organization is seeking to achieve?

- A. Business goals and objectives
- B. Alternative identification
- C. Solution assessment
- D. Requirements

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 99

- (Topic 1)

Paul has been asked to complete SWOT analysis for his solution scope. What does SWOT analysis mean?

- A. Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities, Time
- B. Stakeholder Weaknesses, Organizational Threats
- C. Stakeholders Weaknesses, Organization, Threats
- D. Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities, Threats

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 102

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization. Management has asked that in the business case you're creating that you also include the projected costs and benefits to be realized and how those and benefits will be assessed and evaluated. What term matches management's request?

- A. Cost-benefits justification
- B. Risk assessment
- C. SWOT analysis
- D. Results measurements

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 106

- (Topic 1)

Henry is the business analyst for his organization. Management has created a pre-determined budget of \$450,000 for his solution. Henry has identified the project requirements but now wants to prioritize them based on timeboxing and budgeting. Henry examines the cost of the requirements and begins removing the requirements from the allowed list in order to meet the \$450,000 budget. What timeboxing or budgeting approach is Henry using?

- A. Parametric
- B. All in
- C. Selective
- D. All out

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 108

- (Topic 1)

Nancy has asked you to trace a particular requirement for her. What does 'to trace a requirement' mean? A. Tracing a requirement means to look at a requirement and the others to which it is related. It links risk, cost, quality, and scope elements to stakeholder and solution requirements to other artifacts created by the team and to solution components.

- A. Tracing a requirement means to look at a requirement and the others to which it is relate
- B. It links business requirements to stakeholder and solution requirements to other artifacts created by the team and to solution component
- C. Tracing a requirement means to look at a requirement and the others to which it is relate
- D. It links business requirements to components in the project's work breakdown structur
- E. Tracing a requirement means to track a requirements from its first identification all the way to its completion to see what issues, risks, costs, quality, and defects have surrounded the requirement

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 112

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are beginning the requirements analysis processes. Which one of the following statements best describes the requirements analysis processes?

- A. It ensures that analysis and implementation efforts focus on the most critical requirements .
- B. It covers the definition of stakeholder requirements, which describe what a solution must be capable of doin
- C. It defines all of the work, and only the required work, to complete the project objective
- D. It is conformity to requirements and a fitness for us

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 114

- (Topic 1)

What two factors must the business analyst consider when conducting stakeholder analysis?

- A. Politics and influence
- B. Influence and attitude
- C. Attitude and position
- D. Position and politics

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 116

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and management has asked that you identify opportunities to improve the operations of the business. You notice that some of the stakeholders use several pieces of software and several duplicate activities within each software package to generate data reports for customers. What type of recommendation can you make in regard to this observation?

- A. You can address the automation of how the workers perfor
- B. You will need to perform active observation first to understand the processes in more detai
- C. You can address the non-functional requirements of the activitie
- D. You will need to perform passive observation first to understand the processes in more detai

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 119

- (Topic 1)

Gary is the business analyst for his organization and he is preparing a presentation about the requirements for a large software development project. Before Gary makes the presentation what should he do as part of his preparation for the presentation? A. Determine an appropriate format for the presentation.

- A. Confirm that he has the authority to host the presentatio



- B. Confirm that the stakeholders have signed off on the requirement
- C. Hire a scribe to keep the minutes of the meetin

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 120

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and working with Tim to identify the assumptions within the business solution. Which one of the following is an assumption?

- A. The vendor believes the hardware should arrive by December 1
- B. The software must be compatible with Windows Vista
- C. The software must cost less than \$99 per license
- D. The hardware must cost less than \$450 per unit

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 123

- (Topic 1)

Your organization is trying to determine which one of two opportunities they will pursue. The Project A is worth \$235,987 and Project B is worth \$567,000 but carries significant risk. The organization elects to pursue Project B and not Project A. What is the opportunity cost in this scenario?

- A. \$331,013
- B. There is not enough information to know as the risk for Project B has not been quantified
- C. \$235,987
- D. \$567,000

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 126

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are coaching Roberta on how business analysis works. Roberta is confused about what a business analysis methodology is during the business analysis planning and monitoring phase of the business analysis duties. What is a methodology?

- A. A methodology is a formalized and repeatable business analysis approach
- B. A methodology is a short-term endeavor to create a unique product or service
- C. A methodology is an approach that the business analyst believes will work but it has not been proven to work yet in the business analysis domain
- D. A methodology is a formalized plan that describes how the business analyst will complete the elicitation of requirements

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 131

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for a large project in your organization. While your company prefers face-to-face communications there are many stakeholders located in different geographical locations. How can you still effectively serve as a business analyst when the stakeholders are not collocated?

- A. You will need to travel on a regular rotation to each of the geographical locations to complete the business analyst duties
- B. You will need to implement videoconferencing
- C. Add more business analysts in each of the geographical locations
- D. You will need the stakeholders to periodically gather in one location

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 136

- (Topic 1)

What business analysis process ensures that requirements specifications and models meet the necessary standard of quality to allow them to be used effectively to guide further work?

- A. Identify constraints and assumptions
- B. Validate requirements
- C. Verify requirements
- D. Specify and model requirements

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 139

- (Topic 2)

As part of the requirements analysis a business analyst can use the same tools and techniques to model the current state of an organization. All of the following are valid reasons why would a business analyst want to create a current state domain model except for which one?

- A. The current state model can help identify opportunities for improvement
- B. The current state model can help validate the solution scope with business and technical stakeholders
- C. The current state model can help the business analyst create Pareto charts for process improvement
- D. The current state model can help assist stakeholders in understanding the current state

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 144

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and preparing to complete the requirements elicitation activities. Your manager wants to know when the requirements elicitation process will be completed. Which of the following responses best describes the nature of the requirements elicitation process?

- A. The schedule of the project determines the duration of the requirements elicitation process .
- B. The duration of the requirements elicitation activities is determined by the willingness of the project stakeholders to contribute to the requirements informatio
- C. The size of the project determines the duration of the requirements elicitation proces
- D. Eliciting requirements is not a compartmentalized activit

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 145

- (Topic 2)

You are completing the requirements for vendor selection and need to create a procurement form that will ask the vendor to provide only a price for commercial-off-the-shelf solution. What type of procurement form will you need to provide to the vendor?

- A. Request for proposal
- B. Purchase order
- C. Request for information
- D. Request for quote

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 150

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for a large software development project. There are several issues that must be resolved by certain dates or the problem will prevent the project from advancing.

What technique can you use to track problems with the requirements?

- A. Problem tracking
- B. Issue tracking
- C. RTM
- D. Baselining

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 155

- (Topic 2)

The business analysis approach generally defines all of the following attributes except for which one?

- A. Deliverables
- B. Requirements for solutions acceptance
- C. Analysis technique
- D. Team roles

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 157

- (Topic 2)

Management would like you to front-load the requirements with the most risk requirements. Why would management prefer the risky requirements first in the prioritization?

- A. So if the risk comes true the project will fail will little investment in the wor
- B. So if the risk comes true then the project manager can mitigate the risk even
- C. So if the risk comes true they'll receive the reward as soon as possibl
- D. So if the risk comes true then there's ample time to correct the proble

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 162

- (Topic 2)

You have completed the requirements documentation and the stakeholders have signed off on the requirements. Now the requirements are advancing into a project as your organization has chartered a project based on the identified requirements. What stakeholder is now responsible for assessing the solution scope to determine the project scope?

- A. Project sponsor
- B. Project manager
- C. Business analyst
- D. Key stakeholders

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 164

- (Topic 2)

You are working with Tom, a key stakeholder, in your business analysis duties. Tom is askingyou about the desired outcome for current business opportunity. Which one of the following is NOT an example of a desired outcome?

- A. Implement new machinery to complete the work processes faster
- B. Increase sales
- C. Reduce costs
- D. Reduce time to deliver a product or service

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 165

- (Topic 2)

You are creating a model that shows how data moves through a system. Each function that modifies the data in any manner is identified, decomposed to smaller levels, and the system is completely described from start to storage. What type of a modeling technique are you using in this scenario?

- A. Functional decomposition
- B. Data flow diagramming
- C. Organization modeling
- D. Work decomposition

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 166

- (Topic 2)

What two factors must the business analyst consider when conducting stakeholder analysis?

- A. Influence and attitude
- B. Position and politics
- C. Politics and influence
- D. Attitude and position

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 167

- (Topic 2)

Which conduct stakeholder analysis technique is useful for identifying shared characteristics of a stakeholder group?

- A. Surveys
- B. Scope modeling
- C. Brainstorming
- D. Interviews

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 170

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization. You are identifying new opportunities to improve upon your existing web services. Management is open to new opportunities as long as the changes do not take more than 60 days to implement. What type of a factor does the 60 day implementation represent?

- A. Technical constraint
- B. Schedule constraint
- C. Business constraint
- D. Assumption

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 171

- (Topic 2)

Marcy is the business analyst for her organization. She is completing the business analysis task of defining the business needs. She has the business goals and objectives and the requirements stated documentation. What must she confirm about the requirements stated documentation before defining the business need based on her analysis?

- A. The requirements must reflect actual business requirements, not a description of the solution
- B. The requirements must contain no or little risk
- C. The requirements must reflect proposed solutions as part of alternative identificatio
- D. The requirements must be compatible with the refinement of the business goals and object ive

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 173

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for a large project in your organization. You are working with Ben to create requirements packages to present to the stakeholders, the business analyst team, and to the project manager. Ben wants to know why you're creating requirements packages. What's the primary goal of developing a requirements package?

- A. To convey the cost, schedule, and risk information clearly
- B. To convey information clearly and in an understandable fashion
- C. To present the requirements in packages that are easy for the project team to accomplish in their project execution
- D. To help the project manager create the work breakdown structure

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 177**

- (Topic 2)

All of the following are techniques that can be used to specify or model requirements except for which one?

- A. Organization modeling
- B. Data modeling
- C. Work breakdown structure creation
- D. State diagrams

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 181**

- (Topic 2)

Management comes to you and asks you to complete some specifications and models about the current state of the organization. Management wants you to complete this business analysis activity as soon as possible and report back to them with your findings. What is the primary purpose of the specify and model requirements process?

- A. To analyze the processes of an organization to determine what processes can be improved, removed, or added
- B. To analyze the utility function within the organization to determine how risk tolerance may allow for new opportunities
- C. To analyze the roles and responsibilities of users within the organization to determine how the processes may be improved
- D. To analyze the functioning of an organization and to provide an insight into opportunities for improvement

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 182**

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for a large project for your organization. Your project has 65 stakeholders and this will greatly increase the complexity of the communication in this project. To demonstrate how complex this project and its communication will be, you show the management the number of communication channels in this project. How many channels exist in this project based on the number of stakeholders?

- A. 2080
- B. 4160
- C. 65
- D. 4225

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 184**

- (Topic 2)

What type of interview is the most common as part of requirements elicitation?

- A. Many-to-one
- B. Many-to-many
- C. One-to-one
- D. One-to-many

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 186**

- (Topic 2)

Henry is the business analyst for his organization and is completing the conduct elicitation activity. Part of this activity is to record the results of the requirements elicitation process. All of the following are acceptable elements for requirements documentation except for which one?

- A. Text message sent via a secured mobile phone
- B. Written documents describing the outcomes
- C. Visual or audio recordings
- D. Whiteboards

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 189**

- (Topic 2)

You are currently working on creating the activity list for an initiative in your organization. What characteristic must be assigned to each task in your task list?

- A. Procurement needs
- B. Roles and responsibilities
- C. Unique number
- D. Risk level

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 190**

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are about to conduct requirements elicitation for a process to streamline the customer fulfillment system your organization uses. You need to understand how the people, processes, and technology within the customer fulfillment system operates before you begin the elicitation process. What type of analytical thinking are you participating in this scenario?

- A. Problem solving
- B. Creative thinking
- C. Brainstorming
- D. System thinking

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 195

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are currently with several key stakeholders as part of the determination of which business analysis approach is most appropriate for the current project. Which one of the following is not a stakeholder that is considered when completing the business analysis planning and monitoring task to determine a business analysis approach?

- A. Tester
- B. Project manager
- C. Regulator
- D. Functional management

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 199

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization. You are currently writing the business goals and objectives as part of the elements for the define business process. Which one of the following statements best describes the business goals and objectives element?

- A. They describe the processes the solution will need to improve for the project to be successful
- B. They describe all of the positive benefits in ratio to the risk and costs of the project
- C. They describe all of the required work the project will need to complete in order to reach its objective
- D. They describe the ends that the organization is seeking to achieve

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 200

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are working on prioritizing requirements. What plan should guide you through this process?

- A. Risk management plan
- B. Project management plan
- C. Requirements management plan
- D. Scope management plan

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 205

- (Topic 2)

Herb is the business analyst for the HYY Organization. As Herb is completing the organize requirements process he recognizes that requirements typically need to answer one question for identification. What is the one interrogative that requirements should answer?

- A. What
- B. When
- C. Why
- D. How

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 209

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for a solution that has 435 stakeholders. How many communication channels exist in this project?

- A. 188,790
- B. 189,225
- C. 94,395
- D. 435

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 212

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization. You want to use a requirements elicitation technique to produce a broad set of options for an identified problem. You want the stakeholders to help you identify options, factors that affect the solution, any possible delays in the solution implementation, and ideas for creating a solution. Which of the following requirements elicitation activities would best satisfy these requirements?



- A. Benchmarking
- B. Brainstorming
- C. Data flow diagrams
- D. Business rules analysis

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 215

- (Topic 2)

There are four inputs to the plan business analysis activities. Which one of the following is not an input to the plan business analysis activities process?

- A. List of identified risks
- B. Organizational process assets
- C. Business analysis approach
- D. Stakeholder list, roles, and responsibilities

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 218

- (Topic 2)

Mark is the business analyst for his organization. Mark and his business analysis team have used the whiteboard to record the documentation as the result of requirements elicitation. What must be done with this information if Mark uses a whiteboard?

- A. The scribe must include the white board information as part of the minute
- B. The business analyst must transfer the information to another medium before the whiteboard is erase
- C. The business analyst must document the white board information and get all participants' approval of the recordin
- D. The regulator must approve the writings on the whiteboar

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 220

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for a large project that will create new software for the entire organization. This new software will affect all of the administrative assistants in the organization schedule meetings, reserve facilities, and share calendars. There are approximately 2,400 administrative assistants in your organization and not all of these people can attend requirements gathering workshops. What approach can you use to manage and gather requirements from these 2,400 administrative assistants?

- A. You can meet with a small group of administrative assistants and assume their requirements are reflective of the remaining group of administrative assistant
- B. You will need to meet with all of the administrative assistants as part requirements elicitati o
- C. You can meet with a small group of administrative assistants that will serve as representatives for the remaining administrative assistant
- D. You can meet with the administrative assistants' manager

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 223

- (Topic 2)

What is the purpose of the business case?

- A. The business case helps the organization determine if they can justify the investment for the solutio
- B. The business case helps the organization determine the duration and cost of the solutio
- C. The business case helps the organization determine the cost of the solutio
- D. The business case helps the organization determine if the solution is feasibl

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 227

- (Topic 2)

The requirements elicitation process requires that the business analyst and team prepare forthe requirements elicitation activities. There are three specific inputs that the business analyst will need in preparing for the requirements elicitation. Which of the following is NOT one of the three inputs the business analyst will use as he prepares for requirements elicitation?

- A. Solution scope
- B. Change request
- C. Business need
- D. Stakeholder list

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 229

- (Topic 2)

There are four inputs to writing the business case as part of enterprise analysis. Which one of the following is not an input to writing the business case process?

- A. Business need
- B. Assumptions and constraints
- C. Requirements verification
- D. Stakeholder concerns



**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 233**

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization. Management has asked you to create a plan that will define the proposed structure and schedule for communicating the business analysis activities to the appropriate stakeholders. What plan does management want you to create?

- A. Business Analysis Plan
- B. Business Analysis Communications Plan
- C. Communications management plan
- D. Stakeholder Management Plan

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 235**

- (Topic 2)

Gina has been asked to provide decision analysis for her solution scope. Which one of the following best describes the decision analysis technique?

- A. Assessed to support benefit management, measurement, and reportin
- B. Used to assess potential risks that may impact the solution and the cost and benefits associated with i
- C. Forecasts the size of the investment required to deploy and operate the proposed solutio
- D. Cost-benefit analysis compares the cost of implementing a solution against the benefits gaine
- E. Financial analysis includes the use of financial models that estimate the market value of an organizational asse

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 239**

- (Topic 2)

You organization needs to adapt to the change economy, new technologies, and an increase in competition in order to survive. They've asked you to complete a business analysis approach that will help them change their organizational policies in order to achieve their goals and objectives. What business analysis technique has this organization asked you to complete?

- A. Focus groups
- B. Business rules analysis
- C. Brainstorming
- D. Root cause analysis

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 241**

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are training Tracy on business analysis duties. You are explaining to Tracy how it's important for a business analyst to generate new ideas to approaching problems, solving problems, and to generate alternative solutions. You stress that it's important for the business analyst to generate new ideas and innovative concepts. What type of analytical thinking are you describing for Tracy?

- A. Lateral thinking
- B. Brainstorming
- C. Creative thinking
- D. Decision making

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 243**

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are preparing to conduct stakeholder analysis. As part of this process you realize that you'll need several inputs. Which one of thefollowing is NOT an input you'll use for the conduct stakeholder analysis task?

- A. Enterprise architecture
- B. Enterprise environmental factors
- C. Organizational process assets
- D. Business need

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 248**

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for the NHQ Project. You have identified several stakeholders that need different types of information related to the requirements. Which stakeholder would need detailed technical interface requirements?

- A. Project manager
- B. Regulators
- C. Testers
- D. Implementation subject matter experts

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 252

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization. You are working with several IT professionals to determine all of the connected systems in your organization. You are creating a mapping of the servers, workstations, printers, and other connected devices and their purposes for an analysis of how information is input, processed, stored, and output from each system. What business analysis process are you completing?

- A. Networking topology mapping
- B. Data dictionary and glossary creation
- C. Data flow diagram
- D. Prototype

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 253

- (Topic 2)

Your organization is using a plan-driven approach to business analysis. What must you do with all of the communication documents created as part of this high-priority project that you are saving as the business analyst for?

- A. All formal communication must be destroyed once the project is complete
- B. All communications must be documented and passed onto the solution's project manager for analysis and to serve as supporting detail
- C. The communications management plan will dictate what will happen to the business analysis communication
- D. All communications must be archived and will become part of the organizational process as set

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 257

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following charts is a quality control tool to show categories of defects?

- A. Pareto chart
- B. RACI chart
- C. Gantt chart
- D. RAM chart

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 259

- (Topic 3)

As a milestone is reached, the project is funded for enough capital to reach the next milestone. This approach is called \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Step funding
- B. Phase funding
- C. Stakeholders funding
- D. Milestone funding

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 260

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following establishes organizational checks and balances with a proper segregation of front, back, and middle office functions for effective risk management?

- A. Risk response plan
- B. Risk analysis
- C. Risk management plan
- D. Risk governance

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 262

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following techniques is used to test customer acceptance of the solution and to measure marketplace demand?

- A. Interviews
- B. Market Survey
- C. Technology Assessment
- D. Prototyping

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 264

- (Topic 3)

All of the following are examples of transference risk response except for which one?

- A. Warranties
- B. Performance bonds

- C. Life cycle costing
- D. Use of insurance

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 267

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is the process of developing a document that formally authorizes a project or a phase? A. Define Scope

- A. Develop Schedule
- B. Develop Project Charter
- C. Create Work Breakdown Structure

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 269

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following models defines the name of the data, data aliases, and description of system data?

- A. Class model
- B. Entity relationship
- C. Data dictionary
- D. CRUD matrix

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 274

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following graphical presentations of a project plan is most appropriate for presenting to upper management?

- A. Pie chart
- B. Pareto Chat
- C. Critical Path Method
- D. Scatter chart

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 275

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following software development life cycles is a methodology that divides the project into phases, and the project manager focuses on control of time, cost, and scope?

- A. Spiral
- B. Agile
- C. Waterfall
- D. Incremental

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 280

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is responsible for preparing the business architecture, feasibility studies, and business cases?

- A. Security Administrator
- B. Developer
- C. Business analyst
- D. Project leader

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 284

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following can be an effective tool during quality control to help determine the how the problem occurred?

- A. Rework
- B. Trend Analysis
- C. Flowcharting
- D. Pareto Diagram

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 285

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is a narrative description of the work required for the project?

- A. Contract work breakdown structure (CWBS)
- B. Work breakdown structure (WBS)
- C. Contract statement of work (CSOW)
- D. Statement of work (SOW)

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 288

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is a visual decomposition of the program scope and the resources needed in order to create the things defined within the program scope?

- A. Resource breakdown structure (RBS)
- B. product breakdown structure (PBS)
- C. Budgeted Cost of Work Scheduled (BCWS)
- D. Work Breakdown Structure (WBS)

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 292

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following roles approves the project scope statement, phase gate reviews, solution validations, scope changes, and project success criteria?

- A. Project manager
- B. Subject matter expert
- C. Solution owner
- D. Stakeholder

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 294

- (Topic 3)

The \_\_\_\_\_, an output of the define scope process, does document the process and criteria for accepting completed products.

- A. Statement of Work
- B. Contract
- C. Project scope statement
- D. Project management plan

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 296

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following process models needs to complete each set of tasks in one phase before moving into the next phase in a project development life cycle?

- A. Procedural model
- B. Evolutionary model
- C. Spiral model
- D. Waterfall model

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 298

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following compares two or more systems, states, services, products, or things to determine the best viable choice?

- A. Benchmarking
- B. Risk Identification
- C. Risk analysis
- D. Cost-benefit analysis

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 303

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following types of charts shows which resources are needed in the project and allows you to group the resources by project phase or other attributes?

- A. Pareto chart
- B. Organizational Breakdown Structure
- C. Gantt chart
- D. Resource Breakdown Structure

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 308

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following documents is described in the statement below?

"It is a type of procurement document used to request proposals from prospective sellers of products or services."

- A. Request for quote
- B. Request for information
- C. Request for bid
- D. Request for proposal

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 313

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following quantitative risk analysis techniques relies on experience and past data to compute the probability and impact of risks on project objectives?

- A. Probability distribution
- B. Sensitivity analysis
- C. Modeling and simulation
- D. Interviewing

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 318

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following techniques involves coordinating and collaborating with other credible sources in risk?

- A. Risk identification
- B. Risk management
- C. Risk communication
- D. Risk analysis

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 323

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following processes measures the maturity level of the security program?

- A. Risk analysis
- B. Risk mitigation
- C. Risk assessment
- D. GAP analysis

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 325

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is NOT a component of flowchart?

- A. Forks
- B. Attributes
- C. Activities
- D. Joins

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 326

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following charts is important to ensure that the roles and responsibilities of those involved in a task are tracked?

- A. Pie chart
- B. Line chart
- C. RACI chart
- D. Gantt chart

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 330

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is a table of all stakeholders showing the mapping of which stakeholders will contribute information to other stakeholders?

- A. RACI Chart
- B. Communications Requirements Matrix
- C. Project scope statement
- D. Organizational Breakdown Structure

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 333

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following processes is must at the end of each project phase to determine the completeness of the project work and to gain the customer's acceptance to move the project forward?

- A. Scope verification
- B. Inspection of key results
- C. Quality control
- D. Phase gate review

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 335

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following displays the relative importance of the defects?

- A. Pareto diagram
- B. User Documentation
- C. Gantt chart
- D. Flowchart

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 336

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is the process of defining and analyzing the dangers to individuals, businesses, and government agencies posed by potential natural and human-caused adverse events?

- A. Risk analysis
- B. Risk identification
- C. Risk management
- D. Risk communication

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 338

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following represents the duration of activities against a calendar?

- A. Scatter chart
- B. Gantt chart
- C. Pie chart
- D. Pareto chart

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 343

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following reports is generated whenever the project is slipping off the project schedule and includes an explanation of the problem?

- A. Status report
- B. Schedule variance report
- C. Delay report
- D. Cost variance report

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 347

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following directs the improvement efforts to those areas that will have the biggest impact?

- A. Flowchart
- B. Gantt chart
- C. Pareto diagram
- D. User Documentation

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 352

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following participants have to keep the minutes and details of the conversation during Interviews?

- A. Stakeholder
- B. Scribe
- C. Business Analyst
- D. End user



**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 353**

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following roles helps assess the data requirements of a project, identifies data assets, and helps the project team complete data modeling requirements?

- A. Database analyst
- B. End user
- C. Subject matter expert
- D. Information architect

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 355**

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following defines the deliverable the customer is expecting?

- A. Project charter
- B. Procurement management plan
- C. Product scope statement
- D. Project network diagram

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 360**

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following tasks does not rely on other activities, and no other activities rely on this task completing?

- A. Analysis task
- B. Independent task
- C. Predecessor task
- D. Dependent task

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 363**

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following captures all of the activities within a business, the inputs and outputs of each activity, and the required resources to complete each activity?

- A. Business scenario
- B. Business process model
- C. Business architecture
- D. Business case

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 368**

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is not a hygiene agent according to Frederick Herzberg theory?

- A. The chance to excel
- B. Job security
- C. A paycheck
- D. Clean and safe working conditions

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 372**

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following authorizes the project to exist within the organization?

- A. Project charter
- B. Project network diagram
- C. Project integration management
- D. Project boundaries

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 373**

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following charts is described in the statement below?

"It shows the causes of a certain event. A common use of this diagram is to identify potential factors causing an overall effect. It helps identify causal factors and contributing causes."

- A. Ishikawa
- B. Flowchart
- C. Process configuration chart
- D. Control chart

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 378

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is the comparison of planned project results with actual project results?

- A. Variance analysis
- B. Cost-benefit analysis
- C. Statistical Sampling
- D. Trend analysis

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 382

- (Topic 3)

As a program manager, you decided to overlap two phases of your program. Which of the following terms best describe your act?

- A. Lead time
- B. Rolling
- C. Fast tracking
- D. Crashing

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 383

- (Topic 3)

\_\_\_\_\_ are timeless events that show progress in the project. These are typically achieved at the end of phase in the project lifecycle.

- A. Achievements
- B. Millstones
- C. Phases
- D. Templates

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 386

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is the formal acceptance of the project?

- A. A project review
- B. A sign-off
- C. Risk assessment
- D. Inspection trend analysis

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 390

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is NOT a component of an entity relationship diagram?

- A. Attributes
- B. Relationships
- C. Forks
- D. Entities

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 391

- (Topic 3)

Which one of the following diagrams when properly laid out is always laid in a left to right display to properly reflect the chronology of all project work?

- A. Influence diagram
- B. Project schedule network diagram
- C. Arrow diagramming method
- D. Time-scaled schedule network diagram

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 395

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is a graphical representation of roles and responsibilities of different project team members?

- A. RACI chart
- B. Pareto chart
- C. Resource histogram chart
- D. Organization chart

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 399

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following phases is the first step towards creating a business continuity plan?

- A. Business Continuity Plan Development
- B. Scope and Plan Initiation
- C. Business Impact Assessment
- D. Plan Approval and Implementation

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 401

- (Topic 3)

There are 50 stakeholders in the current project. How many communication channels exist in this project?

- A. 1200
- B. 1225
- C. 1500
- D. 500

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 403

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following communicates from the program-level perspective - a clear understanding and statement of the technical objectives and the end products, services, or results of the work to be performed?

- A. Scope statement
- B. Preliminary scope statement
- C. Program work breakdown structure
- D. Program charter

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 408

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